TERMS OF THE GLOBE.

Per annum in advance.....$2 00
Six months.....1 00
Three months.....50

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

	1 insertion.	2 do.	3 do.
One square, (10 lines,)or less	$ 75	$1 25	$1 50
Two squares,	1 50	2 00	3 00
Three squares,	2 25	3 00	4 50

	3 months.	6 months.	12 months.
One square, or less.	$1 00	$5 00	$10 00
Two squares,	6 00	9 00	15 00
Three squares,	8 00	12 00	20 00
Four squares,	10 00	15 00	25 00
Half a column,	15 00	20 00	30 00
One column,	20 00	35 00	60 00

Professional and Business Cards not exceeding six lines, One year.....$5 00
Administrators' and Executors' Notices.....$2 50
Auditors' Notices.....2 00
Estray, or other short Notices.....1 50

☞Ten lines of nonpareil make a square. About eight words constitute a line, so that any person can easily calculate a square in manuscript.

Advertisements not marked with the number of insertions desired, will be continued till forbid and charged according to these terms.

Our prices for the printing of Blanks, Handbills, etc. are also increased.

POP.

And there they sat, a popping corn,
John Stiles and Susan Cutter;
John Stiles as fat as any ox,
And Susan fat as butter.

And there they sat and shelled the corn,
And raked and stirred the fire,
And talked of different kinds of cars,
And hitched their chairs the nigher.

Then Susan she the popper shook,
Then John he shook the popper,
Till both their faces grew as red
As saucepans made of copper.

And then they shelled and popped and ate,
All kinds of fun a poking—
While he haw-haw'd at her remarks,
And she laughed at his joking.

And still they popped and still they ate—
John's mouth was like a hopper—
And stirred the fire, and sprinkled salt,
And shook and shook the popper.

The clock struck nine, the clock struck ten,
And still the corn kept popping—
It struck eleven, and then struck twelve,
And still no sign of stopping!

And John he ate, and Sue she thought,
The corn did pop and patter,
Till John cried out "The corn's a fire!
Why Susan, what's the matter?"

Said she, "John Stiles, it's one o'clock.
You'll die of indigestion;
I'm sick of all this popping corn—
Why don't you pop the question?"

A Voice from India.

We have received from Rev. John D. Brown, now a Missionary in India, a copy of the Oudh *Gazette*, dated May 13th, published at Lucknow, India, with the request that we would publish in the *Globe*, the following article from its columns. Though it may seem late for the publication of an article of this character we insert it as it shows the estimate placed upon our great contest and our leaders by those who live on the other side of the world, removed from all suspicion of partisan prejudices.

Assassination of Lincoln and Seward.

Foiled in the field, crushed in the citadel, and swept from the sea, the Confederates, of America, have consummated their career, of atrocities, by an act of assassination, which will brand their cause, with infamy, to the most remote time. In history, we do not read of a single act, which in any way, approaches the cowardly, crime, which was announced, to India, on the 3rd instant. Holofernes was beheaded; but he had coveted the casquet of a virgin's chastity. Cæsar was assassinated; but he had betrayed the republic, and had been crowned in the capital. Wallentein was murdered; but he had betrayed his friends, and was, it was believed, unfaithful to his master. Buckingham fell, by the hands of Felton; but his iniquities had shocked the land, and his intrigues had involved the country in war. Murray, the Regent, of Scotland, was shot in the broad blaze of day; but his myrmidons had driven the wife of his murderer, nearly naked, into the woods, to seek shelter and safety. Murat died by the dagger of D'Armans Corday; but the conspirators, at Calvados had been doomed to die. Perceval fell by the bullet of Belling him; but his fate was the result of a mistake, which the assassin acknowledged, when he expiated his crime, on the scaffold. All the atrocities however, of either ancient, or modern times, are completely eclipsed by the dark crime, which has just been announced, and which will excite a thrill, of horror, throughout the civilized world. Traitors to the republic, and false to every principle of duty, which links subjects to governments, the Confederates have committed an act, which will bear on its brow, the curse through time. This act, alone, demonstrates, to the world, the character of the dominion which would have been established, had the Confederate cause *succeeded*. Overcome on the ocean, and beaten on the battle-field, they *have sunk to the level of* assassins,—slain one man, and it is *feared, mortally, wounded another*—as the latest advices state that Seward was still in existence. Lincoln and Seward were, it appears shot; and we are sure that the act will excite but one feeling throughout the globe—abhorence!—Lincoln and Seward were the pillars of the Republic and their only fault—if it can be considered a fault—was that they were only too merciful, and too forbearing. But the ways of Providence are wondrous; and, we dare say, this iniquitous proceeding, was necessary to check at their sources, all those streams of maudlin sympathy, for unworthy objects in which the British nation is only too prone to indulge, when a series of misfortunes has overtaken a people. The Emperor Louis Napoleon will, we fancy, be for the future, less *ardent* in his sympathies, with respect to the slave-owners of the South. The assassins of the Confederates, have proved to demonstration, that assassination is not difficult, when ruffianism is resolute. The life of the emperor has been frequently menaced, but it has as often been miraculously preserved. The murderers who attempted his life, were either maniacs, or men of such mean resources that any other result than failure could scarcely have been anticipated. But the homicide of Lincoln, and his Secretary Seward, reposing as it were, in the very heart of the nation, is an act of audacity, almost without a parallel in history. Nothing can palliate the atrocity of the act—nothing can extenuate the infamy of the crime. Simple in his manners, as Cincinnatus, the twice-elected President of the United States, secured the lasting friendship of all men, with whom he became acquainted. No representative of the continental nations could ever complain, either with respect to the courtesy of his manner, or the dignity of his bearing. Totally destitute of the gilded trappings of rank, and standing alone like Saul a natural king among men, he not only commanded respect, but won admiration. Firm in his purpose, and fixed in his resolve, even the recklessness of the South, in the early days of the contest, at times recoiled before the calm front which he invariably showed in the midst of disaster and in the very face of failure. It was in vain that politicians preached this policy and that policy. The course which he had to follow had been traced out for him by the sword of Washington and the pen of Franklin. He had no doubts, no fears, but before committing himself to the last resort of complete coercion, he left no measures of conciliation untried. When, however, he found that his intentions were misconstrued, his clemency mistaken, and his magnanimous propositions spurned with contempt, he set himself deliberately to the task of subjugation, and punishment. The terrible reverses of the Southern States prove to demonstration how severely he visited, with his wrath, the crime of their treason. His cruisers swept from the surface of the sea that scourge of commerce, the buccaneer Semmes. The best Generals of the South had to succumb before the superior tactics of the Northern leaders. His armies swept over the Southern lands like locusts; and the Confederate Chiefs, apparently feeling that they had no chance of success, while he was alive, determined to rid themselves of the friend their own iniquities had converted into a foe, by means of the weapon of the assassin. No more despicable act was ever conceived, and its success will be its everlasting punishment. There can now, amongst Christian nations, be only one feeling with respect to the atrocity of the butchery—that of horror! The recognition of the South, by any European nation, has become as impossible, as was that of the sovereignty of the Guillutine. When once a power steeps its hands in the blood of murder, it is no longer a power—the mark of Cain is set upon its forehead, until the curse of crime crushes it at last. The genial, warm heart of Lincoln had raised him up friends in all parts of the world, and his death will be as universally regretted, as the names of the assassins will be execrated. Whatever mistakes may have been made, by his ministers, and however severe some of the retributions exacted by his Generals may have been, Lincoln was firm, but forbearing to the *last. His attitude was, at all times* that of a Captain, who amidst the conflict of wind and wave, knows that *only* calmness, coolness, and a steady reliance upon the God of Battles, can enable him to ride out the storm. No petty anxieties, ever for an instant, disturbed the balance of his finely adjusted mind. He knew that the cause of right must triumph in the end, and he was therefore enabled to stand, fearless at the helm, and do his duty. Anglo-Saxons, in all parts of the world, will ever hold in high regard the name of Lincoln. At heart he was a thorough Englishman: while exteriorly, he presented all the quaint peculiarities which distinguish the genuine American. A good husband, a good father, a single-hearted patriot, and a republican of the grandest type, his name will shine in history like a star, and shed its radiance over emancipated, and enlightened, millions. Although he and his compeer have fallen by the mean hands of assassins, their deaths are not the less honorable, on that account; and when their eyes closed upon the world, we dare say the thought that they had saved their country, must have sustained them, when they felt the shadows closing round. As the poet says:—

And when ages read this most mournful story,
They'll find that duty led the way to glory,—
That when the task was finish'd, stern Lincoln died,
Still the Chief, of all, who had his power defied!
—*Ocean Herald.*

The Globe.

WILLIAM LEWIS, Editor and Proprietor. —PERSEVERE.— TERMS, $2,00 a year in advance.

VOL. XXI. HUNTINGDON, PA., WEDNESDAY, JULY 19, 1865. NO. 3.

Four Idle Daughters.

Yes, every one of them, idle, slothful, and, consequently, sensual and unrefined. Dress in exquisite taste, do they? No doubt, and show white fingers as they crochet or play the piano. And what if they do shine in the opera box, or the concert room and theatre, as the pretty B's?—everybody who knows them at all, knows them as four idle daughters. The gentlemen who, captives of a passive fancy, call upon them at times, know that from morning till night they pass inactive, *silly lives*; that their mother lives in the kitchen till her face is careworn, and her feet ready to drop with fatigue. Oh! it must be a bad thing to have four idle daughters, not one of whom is willing to lessen the burden or expense by even a trivial employment; not one of whom is willing to wash a muslin or prepare a meal.—Useless cumberers of the ground are they, and nobody would miss them were their foolish, unreasonable lives to be cut off to-morrow. They pretend to be educated, can tell probably that London is the metropolis of England, and France is a sunny clime; but the best of all education, good, practical, common sense, genuine self-respect, that should make them blush for their ignoble dependence, these four idle daughters lack. It is not genteel to wash for themselves—it is not lady like to sweep a room, except for those coarse, commonplace persons who have been brought up to work.—And what, pray, are they? The children of commonplace people who labored as God meant every son and daughter of Adam should labor, or pay the penalty of idleness. Now they are four great animals, feeding, lounging and sleeping. They will never be either respected or beloved by anybody whose love or respect is worth a farthing. As long as their foolish mother lives she will slave for them, humor them, and please herself with the imaginary belief that they are ladies; for "they never did a stich of work." When she dies, how maliciously the lookers on will say: "Now these four girls will have to work; I'm glad of it." They will never find half the sympathy or respect they might have looked for, if they possessed common sense enough to employ themselves. Idleness is the nurse of sin, and it is not possible for men or women to be pure and virtuous, if they lead lives of laziness and inactivity.—These four idle daughters are, consequently, to be looked upon with some suspicion. It is a hard saying, but the truth, that strict purity is incompatible with laziness. Many a fair browed girl, with sparkling eyes and engaging smile, is sadly wanting in mental innocence. Watch the department of the daughters you know. If at home they are ministering angels, lightening the cares of the over taxed mothers, not ashamed to be seen with uprolled sleeves and soiled fingers; if they are always busy at some sweet, agreeable task, even in what they deem their idleness, the outward beauty of the shadow of the soul, pure, quiet, gentle, womanly. Marry one of them.

SOMETHING FOR GIRLS.—Men who are worth having want *women* for wives. A bundle of gewgaws, bound with a string of flats and quavers, sprinkled with cologne, and set in a carmine saucer—this is no help for a man who expects to raise a family of boys on veritable bread and meat.

The piano and the lace frame are good in their places; and so are ribbons, frill tinsel, but you cannot make a dinner of the former, nor a bed blanket of the latter. And awful as the idea may seem to you, both dinner and bed blanket are necessary to domestic happiness. Life has its realities as well as fancies; but you make it a matter of decoration, remembering the tassels and curtains, but forgetting the bedstead. Suppose a young man of good sense, and of course good prospects, to be looking for a wife—what chance have you to be chosen? You *may coy him or trap him*, or catch him; but how much better to make it an object for him to catch you. Render *yourself worthy of catching*, and you will need no shrowd mother or managing brothers to help you find a market.

☞No doubt a lady may be expected to make a great noise in the world when her dress is covered with bugles.

☞"Time works wonders," as the lady said when she got married after an eight years courtship.

☞Great talkers are like cracked pitchers; everything runs out of them.

☞A smatterer in everything is generally good for nothing.

—Learn to be prompt and punctual.

THE ATLANTIC TELEGRAPH CABLE.—The work of laying the Atlantic cable was to commence on the 10th instant, Monday last. The Great Eastern's weight, with the cable on board, is 21,000 tons; her measurement tonnage being 24,000. She will not approach the Irish coast nearer than twenty-five miles, and her stay at Valentia will be only long enough to make a splice with the shore line, which is laid twenty-five miles from the shore. The shore line is the most massive ever constructed. Its weight per mile being a little more than half the weight of ordinary railway metal. The shore end at Newfoundland will require only three miles of bable, which the Great Eastern will carry with her. The splicing of the cable will take about five hours, when the work of playing out will immediately begin, the ship going at the rate of six miles an hour. Signals will be sent to the shore at stated periods to announce the latitude and longitude of the ship. It is expected that the connection will be made on this side by the 20th or 21st instant.

The cable is the best ever constructed. The tests are so delicate that a minute flaw in one of the four coatings of gutta percha was detected and defined almost to a yard or so, and the length in which it occurred was cut out. The cable once laid in deep sea, never gives any more trouble, unless from volcanic disturbance, but those laid in shallow water are continually getting out of repair, but are easily put in order again. The point of danger apprehended is about a hundred miles from the coast of Ireland, where the water suddenly deepens from 300 fathoms to nearly 2,000. This is not from a submarine cliff, as first supposed, but is a slope of sixty miles, or about 145 feet to the mile, an incline about three times that of an ordinary railroad.

THE STATES OF THE UNION.—The following is a list of the States constituting the Union, with the dates of their admission. Colorado and Nebraska had authority, but refused to form State Constitutions. The thirty-six stars in our national flag are, therefore, designated as under:

Delaware,	December 7, 1787
Pennsylvania,	December 12, 1787
New Jersey,	December 18, 1787
Georgia,	January 2, 1788
Connecticut,	January 9, 1788
Massachusetts,	February 6, 1788
Maryland,	April 28, 1788
South Carolina,	May 23, 1788
New Hampshire,	June 21, 1788
Virginia,	June 26, 1788
New York,	July 26, 1788
North Carolina,	November 21, 1789
Rhode Island,	May 29, 1790
Vermont,	March 4, 1791
Kentucky,	June 1, 1792
Tennessee,	June 1, 1796
Ohio,	November 29, 1802
Louisiana,	April 8, 1812
Indiana,	December 11, 1816
Mississippi,	December 10, 1817
Illinois,	December 3, 1818
Alabama,	December 14, 1819
Maine,	March 15, 1820
Missouri,	August 10, 1821
Arkansas,	June 15, 1836
Michigan,	January 26, 1837
Florida,	March 3, 1845
Texas,	December 29, 1845
Iowa,	December 28, 1846
Wisconsin,	May 29, 1848
California,	September 9, 1850
Minnesota,	December, 1857
Oregon,	December, 1858
Kansas,	March, 1862
West Virginia,	Febru'y or Mar., 1863
Nevada,	October, 1864

HIGHEST MOUNTAIN.—Prof. Whitney's party of geological explorers in California have made wonderful discoveries the past season—mountains fifteen thousand feet high—higher than Mount Blanc, and the highest in the United States—perpendicular walls of rock seven thousand feet, and a grove of big trees, larger than those of Calaveras or Yosomite, into whose hollow trunks three horsemen ride abreast, and on whose stumps Californians hold mass meetings. The valley of the Kern is the field of these marvelous creations.

BONES AND WHEAT.—According to Sir Robert Kane, the distinguished chemist, one pound of bones contains the phosphoric acid of 28 pounds of wheat. A crop of wheat of 40 bushels per acre, and 60 pounds per bushel, weighs 2400 pounds, and thus requires about 86 pounds of bones to supply it with that essential material. The usual supply of bone dust (3 to 4 cwt. per acre) supplies each of the crops for four years with a sufficiency of phosphoric acid, which is given out as the bones decompose.

☞Why are clouds like coachmen? Because they hold the reins.

Weeds in Gardens.

Nothing reduces the current expenses of a family for the outlay more than a well-managed kitchen-garden; but the general complaint with many is *the labor of keeping it clean*—the constant fight with weeds. Some are of opinion that a garden of a quarter of an acre in extent will grow more weeds than ten acres of farm land, and there is good ground for the belief according to the way some are managed. A few weeds, allowed to ripen their seeds, will produce an abundant crop *next year; and thus, year after year*, the earth becomes filled with them till the soil of a garden consists of three main ingredients—namely, a soil naturally; a large amount of manure, artificially; and an immense supply of foul weeds spontaneously.

The question naturally arises, is it not practicable to clear out entirely and totally the last of the three? Are weeds a necessity? If a garden contains a hundred thousand of them, and ninety-nine thousand are killed by the hoe, why not the remaining thousand? If nine hundred and ninety of this thousand, why not the remaining ten? The soil of a garden may be completely purified of weeds and their seeds, greatly reducing the labor of keeping it in order, and largely contributing to a fine growth of the crops. It is much easier to keep a garden perfectly clean than to be engaged in a constant warfare with the weeds. The labor is far less. The reason that it is not done is the want of care and attention. Nearly all are satisfied if a garden is nearly clean. This is the origin of all the trouble—namely, leaving a few weeds to seed the whole ground. The remedy is, begin now, eradicate everything that may have shown its head, and so continue the examination every week. One morning every week should be set apart for this special purpose. Unless something of this kind is adopted, the thing will certainly be neglected. And after they are out continue the process to keep them out. It is easier to spend half an hour in a morning once a week in this way, and have good crops than to spend three days in each week fighting the intruders, and, as a consequence, getting bad crops.—*Scottish Farmer.*

The Home of Andrew Johnson.

Rev. Randall Ross, chaplain of the 15th Ohio regiment, writes an interesting letter to the *United Presbyterian*, descriptive of the village of Greenville, East Tennessee, the home of President Johnson. The place contains only about one thousand inhabitants, and *consists of four squares, with streets running through at right angles.* The writer mentions the principal buildings—churches, taverns, "the old mill," &c., and also notes the spot in the garden of Mrs. Williams, where the notorious John Morgan was shot and mortally wounded by a Union soldier. He was shot while crouching under a grapevine, and the vine has since been cut away by soldiers who have taken the "cuttings" to plant. Mr. Ross then continues:

But Greenville is especially noted and honored as being the home of Andrew Johnson, present President of the United States. This renders this village interesting to all, and everything connected with Andrew Johnson's residence in it is of the deepest interest to the American people. Many years ago, on a certain evening, a rude, black headed, black-eyed, good-looking boy, said my informant, drove into town with a poor old horse in a little one-horse vehicle, in which he had his mother and a few house-hold things. They succeeded in securing an humble habitation by rent. This secured, the next object was to secure labor by which to live. He began to inquire for tailoring to do. His youthful appearance made it seem to be somewhat of a risk to put cloth in his hands. His honest appearance, together with his anxiety to obtain work, however, induced an influential citizen to give him a coat to make for himself, with the advice to do his best on it, and if he made a good job of it he then would have no difficulty in getting work. He did his best, he succeeded with the job, and he began immediately to gain the confidence of the public and to get plenty to do. This was the first appearance of Andrew Johnson in Greenville, Tennessee, and this was the first job of work he did on his own responsibility. The first house he lived in, I was told, is not now standing. He was industrious and attentive to business, and he succeeded well. In process of time he was married. The marriage ceremony was performed by Mordecia Lincoln, Esq., said to be a distant relation of the late President Lincoln. The house in which he was married has been removed. At this time, my informant told me, Andrew Johnson could not read, and was taught *to read* by his wife after their marrage. Things prospered with him, and *in due time* he became able to own his own house and lot. Just down there at the base of this hill stands a small brick building, with a back porch, and around it the necessary fixtures. It stands on the corner of the square, near where the mill race passes under the street on its way down to the little old mill. That is the first house ever Andrew Johnson owned. It now belongs to another person. But down there about due west from where I sit, and almost directly opposite the "little old mill," whose large wheel is still moving, but whose motion is scarcely perceptible, and you will see a rather humble, old-fashioned looking, two story brick house standing near the south end of Main street. It has but one entrance from the street. In front of it stands three or four small shade trees. The fences of the lot and windows of the house shows evident signs of dilapidation, the consequence of rebellion and of rebel rule. Like many other windows in the South, a number of panes of glass are broken out and their places supplied with with paper. Glass could not be obtained in the Confederacy. As you pass along the pavement on Main street, by looking into the lot you see several *young* apple trees, and in the spaces between two of them are potatoes growing. In the rear of the kitchen stands a small ashen shade tree, and down there in the lower end of the lot is a grape vine, trained upon a trellis, forming a pleasant bower. Scattered over the lot are a number of rose, currant and gooseberry bushes. At the lower end of the lot, and just outside stand two large weeping willows, and under their shade is a very beautiful spring. This is the residence of Andrew Johnson, President of the United States. Up street stands his former tailor shop, with the old sign still on it. And in an old store room up street is the remains of his library. At present it consists principally of law books and public documents, most of his most valuable books having been destroyed by rebel soldiery.

Such is a brief description of the home of Andrew Johnson, now President of the United States. It is in a lovely and unpretending little mountain village of East Tennessee—just such a place as men would be least likely to look for a President of the United States in, but is the place from which Providence has called our present Chief Magistrate, and that he comes from such a home is his greatest honor and the plainest evidence that he is the chosen instument of Providence to carry out his purpose with this nation. May he, as his lamented predecessor, always feel the responsibility of his position, and with the same honest, Christian trust, be enabled to carry out the designs of Providence in placing him in the position he now occupies.

HUMAN RESPONSIBILITY.—Scripture assures us that each man shall, in the last day, give account of *himself* to God. All actions shall be brought to light; all words, even the idle, shall be charged, and everything that has been done or uttered shall be traced to its proper motive. This great doctrine cannot fail to be strengthening to the soul. Suppose we were placed in some mysterious spot, where every thought should be telegraphed upon a column in the court house—how careful sh'ld we be to think true, and strong, and pure! Suppose we stood before a mirror which reflected all our actions to the eyes of the community—how careful should we be to do that which is "holy, just, and good!" Suppose we spoke in some whispering gallery, which repeated our words in every ear in the nation—how careful sh'ld we be to utter the words of truth, and soberness only! Under such a process, if the mind could bear it, would it not be girded up to its highest energies! Now, there is such a telegraph, docketing our words on the column of the court of the universe; there is such a mirror, reflecting our acts to the eyes of God; there is a gallery, which repeats our words in his ear; and every time the Christian meditates upon it his mind is nerved and impelled heavenward.—*Thompson.*

☞An Irishman was once brought up before a magistrate, charged with marrying six wives. The magistrate asked him how he could be so hardened a villain? "Please your worship," said Paddy, "I was just trying to get a good one."

"SETTING a man's trap," is the title given to the picture of a pretty young lady arranging her curls at a mirror.

THE GLOBE JOB PRINTING OFFICE.

THE "GLOBE JOB OFFICE" is the most complete of any in the country, and possesses the most ample facilities for promptly executing the *best* style, every variety of Job Printing, such as

HAND BILLS,
PROGRAMMES,
BLANKS,
POSTERS,
BILL HEADS,
CARDS,
CIRCULARS,
BALL TICKETS,
LABELS, &C., &C., &C

CALL AND EXAMINE SPECIMENS OF WORK, AT LEWIS' BOOK, STATIONERY & MUSIC STORE

How Deacon Smith Courted the Widow.

The Deacon's wagon stopped one morning before widow Jones' door, and he gave the usual country sign that he wanted somebody in the house, by dropping the reins and sitting double with his elbows on his knees. Out tripped the widow as lively as a cricket, with a tremendous black ribbon on her snow white cap. "Good morning" was said on both sides, and the widow waited for what was further to be said.

"Well, Ma'am Jones, perhaps you don't want to sell one of your cows, now, for nothing, anyway, do you?"

"Well, there, Mister Smith, you couldn't have spoken my mind better. A poor lone woman like me does not know what to do with so many creturs and I should be glad to trade if we can fix it."

So they adjourned to the meadow. Deacon Smith looked at Roan—then at the widow—at Brindle—then at the widow—at the Downing cow—then at the widow again—and so thro' the whole forty.

The same call was made every day for a week, but the Deacon could not decide which cow he wanted. At length, on Saturday, when the widow Jones was in a hurry to get through her baking for Sunday—and had "ever so much to do in the house," as all farmer's wives and widows have on Saturday—she was a little impatient.—Deacon Smith was as irresolute as ever

"That 'ere Downing cow is a pretty fair cretur," said he, "but"—he stopped to glance at the widow's face, and then walked round her—not the widow—but the cow.

"The Downing cow I knew before the late Mr. Jones bought her." Here he sighed at the allusion to the late Mr. Jones; she sighed and both looked at each other. It was a highly interesting moment.

"Old Roan is a faithful old milch, and so is Brindle—but I have known better." A long stare succeeded his speech—the pause was getting awkward—and at last Mrs. Jones broke out—

"Lord! Mr. Smith, if I'm the cow you want, do say so!"

The intentions of the Deacon and the widow were published the next day.

River Life in Siam.

M. Monhot, a French naturalist, has lately returned to Paris from a visit to Siam. A portion of his experience is thus described:

"The journey by land was less interesting and beautiful than the voyage on the great gulf, one inhabited by eagles, the other the dwelling place of the iguana, and rustling with the strange sounds made by these creatures as they trailed their loathly limbs over the dead leaves and fallen branches. Towards evening the boat would be suffered to ground upon the mud, whence arose a strong sulphuric odor, as though a submarine volcano slept its threatening sleep beneath. One day the odor was explained, and M. Monhot's supposition realized, for, as they floated slowly upon the broad water, under the burning sun, the waves suddenly arose, and tossed and boiled around them, and toyed with the little bark in rough and ghastly play; and then an immense jet of steam and water was flung into the air. Nature works unremittingly and rapidly in those distant laboratories, and the geological changes of the entire territory are easily to be traced. From the great gulf they entered the Chantabour river, and rowed along its banks, rich with all the treasures of the tropics in animal and vegetable life. The splendid forest trees reared their lofty heads above the deep swift stream, and spread their giant arms to the parasites which bound them in intertwining wreaths of blossom and trailing foliage. The stirless air was laden with perfumes, and bright with the wings of the myriads of insects, which, like living jewels, flashed out their brief life in the sunshine. Innumerable monkeys jumped about in the trees, chattering and shrieking, or formed themselves, by adhesive links of limb and tail, into a chain, whose first coil was fastened to the branch of a huge tree, while the last hung, tempting, but unattainable, within a few inches of the terrible jaws of a beguiled and hungry crocodile."

☞"So, Tom, that old liar, Dick Fibbins, is dead." "Yes, his yarns are wound up; he'll lie no more—the old rascal." "Indeed, it's my opinion, Tom, that he'll *lie still.*"

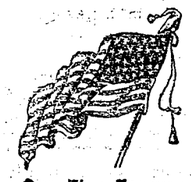
☞"John, my son, can you eat that pudding with impunity?" "I don't know, ma, I think I can with a spoon."

The Globe.

HUNTINGDON, PA.

Wednesday morning, July 19, 1865.

W. Lewis, Editor and Proprietor.
Hugh Lindsay, Associate Editor.



Our Flag Forever.

"I know of no mode in which a loyal citizen may so well demonstrate his devotion to his country as by sustaining the Flag, the Constitution and the Union, under all circumstances, and UNDER EVERY ADMINISTRATION REGARDLESS OF PARTY POLITICS, AGAINST ALL ASSAILANTS, AT HOME AND ABROAD."—STEPHEN A. DOUGLAS.

☞ The State authorities are arranging to procure the names of all Pennsylvania soldiers who perished at any or all the rebel prisons, and who were buried at such localities. Wherever the marks correspond with the records of the prison, and there is no doubt of the identity of the remains, the same will be published, and at the proper time transportation will be issued for the removal of the bodies Active efforts will at once be made to gather all the facts of importance in connection with the Pennsylvanians buried at Andersonville. A State agent will be despatched to that locality fully instructed to examine the condition of the graves, secure full particulars concerning their marks, and make such other arrangements as will facilitate the removal of these honored remains with the least possible trouble to the surviving relatives of the dead and as little necessary expense to the State.

TREATMENT OF PRISONERS.— The opinion seems to be gaining ground, that our prisoners in the hands of the rebel authorities were subjected to the inhuman treatment that they experienced, by a deliberate policy. Investigations are in progress which will show whether this opinion is correct or not. If it shall turn out to be incorrect, we shall certainly rejoice, as human nature will be exonerated from one of the most odious imputations ever laid upon it. If, on the other hand, it shall be ascertained that our poor men were slaughtered in thousands by the process of starvation, through wicked design or scarcely less wicked neglect, the fiendish contrivers and agents of such a cruelty should, without exception, pay the forfeit of their miserable lives for the deed. We wish it may turn out otherwise. It is sickening to think of such indescribable anguish and misery of mind and body as our men endured till death relieved them, as deliberately planned and inflicted. Savages never perpetrated such atrocity.

☞ The Secretary of State continues his duties in almost perfect health.—The novel and extraordinary splint was removed from his face by order of his surgeons, and proves to have been a marvellous success; and very few traces are to be seen of the original accident and the subsequent assault of the baffled assassin, with the exception of a slight swelling on the side of his right cheek. Mr. Seward rose on Wednesday morning, dressed himself, and performed his toilet, even to shaving, without assistance, for the first time since his accident. His friends and the country will be glad to learn that he has entirely recovered the use of his arms, one of which was fearfully maimed when he was thrown from his carriage. For seventy days of three months of suffering, Mr. Seward's mind has been engaged in the transaction of public business—a fact which will enable him, with comparative ease, to resume the active duties of his Department.

CONFESSING THE SINS OF TRAITORS.—The Mobile, Alabama, *Tribune*, confesses the sins of the South thus: "We have sinned against the progress of the age. No man can deny this; and yet we have done it with a conscientiousness which ought to provoke the compassion of those on whose mercy we must rely. We are as good as they. We have acted as honorably as they. We have suffered infinitely more than they of the North. A few years' famine and pestilence, with occasional earthquakes, would not have so hurt us as has this four years' war."

PARDONS.—The government, we are informed, purposes to proceed with caution in the matter of extending pardons to rebels. It is deemed advisable to give the precedence to efforts for restoring the civil functions in the States. This appears to be altogether the preferable course, inasmuch as the interests of the many should be attended to before the wishes of the few, and those few, the ones who have been deeply concerned in the rebellion.

THE POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT.—The Post Office Department shows a net profit, for the last six months of 1864, of $732,230 69, or at the rate of a million and a half a year. The profits for the first six months of 1865 will be yet larger. During the last six months of Mr. Buchanan's administration the loss for carrying and distributing the mails was $3,400,000. The postal receipts from the States in the Union in 1864 exceeded those of all the States in 1861 by $2,972,000.

Jeff Davis.

His Present Condition—A Rebel Soldier's Solicitude for him—How he wanted to Help him.

A special despatch from Washington to the New York *Tribune* says:

A gentleman just from Fortress Monroe reports the health of Jeff Davis much better than it has been at any time during his incarceration. His meals are sent direct from the table of Dr. Craven, his attendant physician, by his daughter, and by her delivered to the officer having immediate charge over him.

The Doctor is keeping an accurate journal of his professional interviews with Mr. Davis, which will hereafter throw some interesting rays of light on the imprisonment of the archtraitor.

The following is a copy of a letter addressed to his Excellency President Davis, and recently received by the commandant at the Fortress:

"MY DEAR OLD FRIEND: You must by this time be nearly out of money. I send you the enclosed. Take it, and pay your fare to hell with it."

The enclosure consisted of $15 in Confederate money. The writer of the letter is an ex-rebel soldier, and if slightly heartless and a trifle profane, his letter serves to show the feelings of thousands of J. D.'s dupes and victims.

The report that Jeff Davis and C. C. Clay would be tried by military commission does not seem to be without confirmation. It is said on good authority that at least one of the members of the former court has received an order assigning him as one of the new commission.

Immense Conflagration in New York.

Total Destruction of Barnum's Museum and Many Neighboring Buildings.

[Associated Press Account.]

NEW YORK, July 13—3 P. M.—A fire broke out at noon to-day in Barnum's Museum, extending rapidly to the adjacent buildings on Broadway, Ann, and Fulton streets.

The Museum was totally destroyed. The stores Nos. 12, 16, and 18, on Ann street, occupied for various business purposes, including Jones shoe store, Groot's restaurant, French & Wheat, and Dick & Fitzgerald, printers, and others, were burned. The store No. 216 Broadway, occupied by White, batter, and Van Name, restaurant-keeper, were destroyed.

The store No. 214 Broadway, occupied by Rogers & Raymond, clothiers, and Reeves, billiard saloon keeper, and No. 212 Broadway, occupied by Knox, hatter, and others, were also destroyed.

The firemen were in force and the flames were here stayed.

No person was injured.

The loss is said to have amounted to a million dollars, on which there was an insurance for one-half.

The fire originated over the boiler in the Museum.

NEW YORK, July 13—5 P. M.—The flames were stopped at the buildings No. 18 Ann street and No. 147 Fulton street. The property intervening on Broadway and Fulton streets was destroyed.

Six buildings were burned on Broadway, eight on Ann street, and five on Fulton street.

The heat was so intense that the front of St. Paul's Church, opposite the Museum, took fire, but the firemen fortunately saved it from the flames.

Among the sufferers by the fire were Thomas H. Brainsted, Metzinger, W. Richardson; Bassford, Brosnan, & Duane; T. Wright, J. D. Phillips, Haurey & Ford, Slater & Riley, S. Bradford, James B. Thompson, P. Hamilton, Sterns & Beale, and Mr. Swift.

Nothing but the glass steam engine was saved in the Museum.

Interesting News from Texas.

Additional accounts of the exodus of the rebels from Texas to Mexico are also given in late Galveston despatches. The rebel General Jo. Shelby, with three thousand of his followers, and accompanied by ex-Governors Moore and Allen, of Louisiana, and other extinguished political luminaries of the late confederacy, were on the way. They had transportation and supplies for six months, and all were armed, with the weapons which they faithlessly failed to surrender to the National Government, in accordance with the terms of Kirby Smith's capitulation. They profess, though, that they were merely going to Mexico as emigrants, and not to fight for either republicans or imperialists. Many of the Texas people who chose or are compelled to remain in their own State are much imbittered against these fugitives, and especially the leaders, who flee from the troubles into which they have succeeded in getting their helpless dupes. Those who stay behind are deeply engrossed and agitated just now over the reconstruction, amnesty and free labor questions, and are casting about for the ways and means of surmounting the general prostration in which the war has left all manner of industry in the State.

It is estimated that there still remain in Texas from one hundred thousand to one hundred and fifty thousand bales of old crop cotton, while, owing to various unfavorable circumstances, it is thought that this year's crop will not exceed fifty thousand bales. It is also calculated that there are within the State, accumulated during the war, five million pounds of wool.

AGRICULTURAL PROSPECTS.—Reports received at the Agricultural Bureau from all parts of the country represent that the crops of hay, potatoes and corn, will be larger than any previous year.

The hay crop will be fully one-third larger than ever before known. Oats are also reported to be very superior, and a larger crop grown than for years previous. This is very satisfactory, when it is considered that the laboring population has been so largely reduced by men going into the army, and will afford employment to thousands of soldiers now returning home, to aid in gathering the abundant crops.

THE ATLANTIC TELEGRAPH CABLE.—This wonderful production of man's handiwork is precisely 2300 nautical, or about 2600 English statute miles, in length. It contains 25,000 miles of copper wire, 35,000 miles of iron wire; and 400,000 miles of hempen strand. And this is the way they are inlaid: The uppermost strand or electric conductor proper is composed of seven fine copper wires, interwoven or twisted together, and then insulated with Chatterton's Compound and then afterwards with four distinct layers of gutta percha, each of which is insulated from the conductor and from each other by the same substance. Outside of the gutta percha is wound eleven iron wires, each of which is likewise covered with hemp strands that had previously been soaked in tar.

The whole cable was about 100 working days in making, and will bear a strain of about eight tons. It is coiled in about three equal parts on board the Great Eastern, which at last accounts, was nearly ready to sail.

The Great Eastern is between six and seven hundred feet in length, will carry on this occasion, upwards of eighteen thousand tons, and draw thirty feet of water. She will be attended by her Majesty's Ship Terrible, also a vessel of great size and power, to give the mammoth ship aid if necessary. They are expected on the American side about the 20th or 25th of July.

At this moment, likely, the steamship Great Eastern is reeling the cable off at the rate of six miles per hour. Every precaution has been adopted to prevent a second failure of the enterprise. The powerful batteries used, so say the electricians, will be able to force from six to eight words through per minute, perhaps more. By agreement with the English Government, the charge for each word is 2s 6d, at which low rate it is apprehended the line will be overwhelmed with work. The idea has, therefore, been suggested to the shareholders to abandon the Government patronage, and make the charge £1 per word, by which change, it is supposed, a million of pounds may be realized yearly, a sum almost double the entire expense of the line fully completed. A very short time will determine the commercial effects to be produced by this instantaneous communication with Europe.

CLOSING ITS LABORS.—The officers of the U. S. Sanitary Commission have issued a farewell address to the branches and aid societies, stating that no further collections of supplies or money need be made. The work of the Commission is almost done, and no further requisitions will be made upon the public. The branches of the Sanitary Commission and Aid Societies are requested to forward such supplies as they have on hand. The address says, in conclusion:

"We have tried to do our duty impartially, diligently, wisely. For the means of carrying on this vast work, which has grown up in our hands, keeping pace with the growing immensity of the war, and which we are now about to lay down after giving the American public an account of our stewardship, we are chiefly indebted to the money created by the fairs which American women inaugurated and conducted, and to the supplies collected by you under our organization. To you, then, is finally due the largest part of whatever gratitude belongs to the Sanitary Commission.—It is as it should be. The soldier will return to his home to thank his own wife, mother, sister, daughter, for so tenderly looking after him in camp and field; in hospital and prison; and thus it will be seen that it is the homes of the country which have wrought out this great salvation, and that the men and women of America have an equal part in its glory and its joy.—Invoking the blessing of God upon you all, we are gratefully and proudly your fellow laborers."

The Rebel Archives.

WASHINGTON, July 10.—Major Shipman, of the First Wisconsin cavalry, arrived here last evening from Macon, having in charge forty boxes of captured archives of the rebel Government. They consist of a complete record of the proceedings of the rebel Provisional Congress, held at Montgomery in the spring of 1861. These documents were captured from Howell Cobb, in whose possession they had been placed for safe keeping. The entire official history of the rebel army of Tennessee, comprising all its record while under command of Bragg, Johnston and Hood, are part of this lot. Also some books of the rebel Treasury Department, captured at Albany, Georgia, which part they had reached as a part of Jeff. Davis' train.

Among the papers of Jeff. Davis, captured by the Government, has been discovered several documents of vital importance in determining the guilt and complicity of Jeff. Davis in the conspiracy plot. These documents are of such importance as probably to determine the authorities in favor of the trial of Jeff. Davis before a military commission upon the charge of assassination. If, however, it shall be determined to try him on a charge of treason, he will be tried in a civil court.

☞ President Lincoln, according to "Agate," of the Cincinnati Gazette, was favorable to the escape of Jeff. Davis. The late President is represented, on the authority of General Sherman, as having said:

"Out in Sangamon county there was an old temperance lecturer who was very strict in the doctrine and practice of total abstinence. One day, after a long ride in the hot sun, he stopped at the house of a friend, who proposed making a lemonade. As the mild beverage was being mixed, the friend insinuatingly asked if he would not like the least drop of something stronger, to brace up his nerves after the exhausting heat and exercise.—'No,' replied the lecturer, 'I couldn't think of it; I'm opposed to it on principle. But,' he added, with a longing glance at the black bottle that stood conveniently at hand, 'if you could manage to put in a drop unbeknownst to me, I guess it wouldn't hurt me much!'

"Now, General," Mr. Lincoln is said to have concluded, "I'm bound to oppose the escape of Jeff. Davis; but if you could manage to let him slip out unbeknownst like, I guess it wouldn't hurt me much!"

NEWS SUMMARY.

☞ Ex-Governor Letcher has been released on parole, on condition that he go to his home, in Virginia, and remain there subject to the order of the President.

☞ A delegation of five Indians from each of these tribes—the Cherokees, Choctaws, Creeks, Camanches, Chickasaws, Caddoes, Cheyennes, Seminoles, Osages, Lipans, Kiowas, Arapahoes, Northern Osages, and Anadocsoes—are on their way to Washington, to have an interview with the President. It is proposed to erect tents for their reception.

☞ Governor Brownlow, of Tennessee, has issued a proclamation declaring the franchise law as the supreme law of the State, and denouncing those as rebels who oppose it. He orders the arrest of all candidates for office who advise the people to nullify the laws. Emerson Etheridge, a former member of Congress, has been arrested by the military for delivering incendiary speeches.

☞ Guerillaism is still prevalent in the Southwest. The town of Franklin, Louisiana, was recently sacked by a party of these freebooters, and five United States Treasury agents, who went into the interior of the country in search of rebel cotton, are supposed to have been murdered by them.

☞ As the conspiracy trial is over, it is expected that that of Jefferson Davis will soon commence. A Washington despatch says it is more than probable he will be tried by a military commission as the leader and investigator of the conspiracy to murder the President, for it is said there has been newly-discovered testimony against him in that direction.

☞ During the sixteen days ending June 30th, 2,247 emigrants passed Ft. Laramie bound west, with nearly 18,000 head of cattle. Nearly as large a number passed during the fourteen days ending June 14th; and during the month of May, over 15,000 teams and 40,000 head of stock passed for the West.

The Tomb of President Lincoln.

The tomb in which the President's remains, together with those of his little son, are placed, is kept carpeted with fresh flowers, and about and up on the coffin as they lie in view are garlands and clusters of buds and blossoms, ever fresh and fragrant, so that the very breath of the sepulchre is rendered redolent and pure. Looking into the tomb the visitor can discern nothing offensive—no token of the "damp vault's dayless gloom"—deem himself gazing into some floral cave whose tenants are the graces and summer nymphs.

The taste which is thus displayed in rendering the vault attractive is most commendable, and will brighten the recollection of every pilgrim who has here gazed upon the dead.—Mr. Willis, in addition to this, has also opened a book upon which every visitor can register his name and append such remarks as the scenes may suggest to his mind. Since the 14th of May last some two thousand names of visitors have thus been registered, representatives of every State in the Union, and also the Canadas. One hack upon every day during the week, and two upon the Sabbath, are kept running between the city and the cemetery for the accommodation of visitors, and all this has been done since the remains of our late President were placed at rest in this pleasant burial place, since Oak Ridge has held the dust of this great man. And in making this notice we would conclude by adding that this is not only to be the resting place of the President, but there is to be erected a pile to his memory which shall stand through all ages to come.

The rising ground immediately in the rear of the tomb has been selected as the site of the President's monument Three acres upon this beautiful spot was selected by the Monument Association on Saturday last, and here it has been decided to build the shaft.—The beauty and the appropriateness of this site are such as would recommend it to the minds of all, and we are pleased to know so agreeable a selection has been made.—*Springfield (Ill.) Journal.*

STANTON AND SHERMAN.—The Troy *Times* relates the following anecdote of the Rev. J. D. Fulton, who delivered the 4th of July oration at that place. It is given on the authority of an Albany editor, and has not before been in print.

At the second day of the great review in Washington, when the stalwart army of the West, who had "marched down to the sea" with Sherman, were filing through the streets at Washington, the climax of the scene centered at the President's stand, where all the military and civic dignitaries of the land were assembled to witness the pageant. It is well known that as Sherman approached the Secretary of War he refused the latter's proffered hand. At this moment Mr. Fulton was standing a short distance from the spot, with a clear space between him and the grand stand. In a voice, which for clearness, has few equals, he thus spoke:

"Edwin M. Stanton, savior of your country, organizer of victory, rise up and receive the greetings of your fellow citizens."

Mr. Stanton turned pale, but arose. President Johnson shook him by the hand. So did Grant. And then the crowd, with a sound like the rushing of many waters, gave cheer upon cheer for the Secretary of War.

BRAXTON BRAGG SUBMITTING GRACEFULLY.—The New Orleans *Picayune* of the 28th ult. says of Braxton Bragg: "This old and prominent citizen of Louisiana, whose fortunes have been so varied during the late war, arrived in our city by the Mobile boat yesterday mourning, and is stopping at the St. Charles. Gen. Bragg is in excellent health, and looks as if he could 'give 'em a little more grape' yet, as in the more halcyon and glorious days of the Republic. Like all the Generals of the Confederate army he recognizes the march of events, and is only ambitious now to retire, as before the war, and fulfil the duties of an American citizen.

—Vice President Stephens, and Gilmore, of the Confederacy, are in Fort Warren.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

ADMINISTRATORS' NOTICE.
[Estate of Jacob Showalter, dec'd.]
Letters of administration upon the estate of Jacob Showalter, late of Juniata township, dec'd., having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to the estate will make payment, and those having claims will present them for settlement.
ANTHONY PARKS,
July 19, 1865-6t*. Administrator.

EXECUTORS' NOTICE.
[Estate of Abraham McCoy, dec'd.]
Letters testamentary, on the estate of Abraham McCoy, late of Huntingdon, Huntingdon Co., dec'd., having been granted to the undersigned. All persons indebted to the estate, are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims, to present them duly authenticated.
DAVID BLACK,
July 19, '65. 6t. Executor.

ADMINISTRATORS' NOTICE.
[Estate of Robert Lee, dec'd.]
Letters of administration upon the estate of Robert Lee, late of Penn township, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to the estate will make payment, and those having claims will present them for settlement.
JAMES LEE,
July 19, 1865-6t* Administrator.

PROCLAMATION.—WHEREAS, by a precept to me directed, dated at Huntingdon, the 19th day of April, A. D. 1865, under the hands and seal of the Hon. George Taylor, President of the Court of Common Pleas, Oyer and Terminer, and general jail delivery of the 24th Judicial District of Pennsylvania, composed of Huntingdon, Blair and Cambria counties; and the Hons. Benjamin F. Patton and William B. Lea his associates, Judges of the county of Huntingdon, justices assigned, appointed to hear, try and determine all and every indictments made or taken for or concerning all crimes, which by the laws of the State are made capital, or felonies of death, and other offences, crimes and misdemeanors, which have been or shall hereafter be committed or perpetrated, for crimes aforesaid—I am commanded to make public proclamation throughout my whole bailiwick, that a Court of Oyer and Terminer, of Common Pleas and Quarter Sessions, will be held at the Court House in the borough of Huntingdon, on the second Monday (and 14th day) of August next, and those who will prosecute the said prisoners, be then and there to prosecute them as it shall be just, and that all Justices of the Peace, Coroner and Constables within said county, be then and there in their proper persons, at 10 o'clock, a. m. of said day, with their records, inquisitions, examinations and remembrances, to do those things which to their offices respectively appertain.
Dated at Huntingdon, the 19th day July, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five, and the 89th year of American Independence.
GEO. W. JOHNSTON, *Sheriff.*

DR. VENARD'S
STAR MAGIC LINIMENT.

$1000 REWARD will be paid for any medicine that excels this for the following diseases:
Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Spinal Affections, Contracted Joints, Cholic Pains, Pains in Side or Back, Toothache, Headache, Sprains, Sore Throat, Cuts, Bruises, Burns, and all Diseases of the Muscles, Skin and Glands.

This is an Internal and External Medicine, composed of Roots, Herbs and Barks such as our forefathers used.—There is a bountiful supply on the earth to cure all complaints, if we only knew what they were. This has been a subject for constant study with the Medical Faculty for a great many years, to find out the kinds best adapted to the above complaints—how to put them together, and what portions to use.
This wonderful remedy needs no recommendation save the results which invariably follow its application.
☞ This popular remedy is fast coming into use from the fact that it gives good satisfaction.
☞ PHYSICIANS are invited to test its efficacy in all cases of Rheumatism, Affections of the Spinal Column, and all Diseases of the Skin, Muscles and Glands. It has been used in thousands of instances under the personal supervision of the Inventors, and has never disappointed their expectations. All we ask for it is a trial—experimental proof—and the testimony of the men of straw, are the vouchers we desire to present to the public.
It would be well for many now lying in beds of torture, if these facts could reach their sick chambers. It is more important to them than to the last vouchers that this should be the case. "Truth is mighty and must prevail."
☞ Keep it in your family, for sickness comes when you least expect it.

SAMUEL H. SHOEMAKER,
SOLE AGENT, HUNTINGDON, PA.
PRICE--ONE DOLLAR.
Huntingdon, Pa., July 19, 1865.

REGISTER'S NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given, to all persons interested that the following named persons have settled their accounts in the Register's Office, at Huntingdon, and that the said accounts will be presented for confirmation and allowance, at an Orphans' Court, to be held at Huntingdon, in and for the county of Huntingdon, on Monday the 14th day of August next, (1865,) to wit:
1. Administration account of Eli P. Brumbaugh, Administrator of the estate of Daniel P. Brumbaugh, late of Hopewell twp., deceased.
2. Administration account of Richard Cunningham, Administrator of the estate of John Cunningham, late of Barree twp., deceased.
3. Guardianship account of Michael Rider, Guardian of Samuel F. Rumberger, late a minor son of George Rumberger, deceased, the said ward being now deceased.
4. Guardianship account of Michael Rider, Guardian of George Rumberger, late a minor son of George Rumberger, deceased, but now of age.
5. The Administration account of Liberty J. Parker; Administrator of Hugh M. Parker, late of Jackson twp., deceased.
6. The account of Wm. Vawn, Administrator of the estate of Thomas Vawn, late of Tell twp., deceased.
7. Administration account of John G. Weight and Abraham Weight, Administrators of the estate of Daniel Weight of Warriorsmark township, deceased.
8. Final account of James R. Lane, Executor of the estate of James Lane, late of Brady twp., deceased.
9. Supplemental and final Administration account of Moses Swoope and Thomas Dean, Administrators of the estate of Caleb Swoope, late of Union twp., deceased.
10. Administration account of James Harper, Administrator of William Rutter, late of Orbisonia, Huntingdon county, deceased.
11. Administration account of James Harper, Administrator of the estate of James Gilleland, late of Cromwell twp., deceased.
12. Account of John Silverthorn, Administrator of the estate of William Campbell, late of Tell twp., deceased.
13. Final account of Catharine Shaver, (now Catharine Stewart,) Guardian of William Winfield Shaver, minor son of William Shaver, late of Shirley twp., deceased, the said William Winfield being now deceased.
14. Administration and distribution accounts of David P. Gwin, Administrator of the estate of James Gwin, late of the borough of Huntingdon, deceased.
15. Guardianship account of Samuel Wigton, Guardian of Adeline Patterson, (formerly Adeline Matters,) daughter of Jacob S. Matters, late of Franklin twp., deceased, said minor being now of age.
16. Administration account of Adolphus P. White, Administrator of Henry T. White, late of the borough of Huntingdon, deceased.
17. Final account of John McNeal, Administrator, of the estate of Jacob G. Ketterman, late of Clay twp., deceased.
18. Supplemental account of John S. Isett, Administrator of the estate of James Gardner, late of Franklin twp., deceased.
19. Account of Jacob B. Graffius, Administrator of the estate of Nicholas Graffius, late of Franklin tp., deceased.
20. Account of Peter J. Snyder, one of the Administrators of Charles J. Snyder, late of Juniata twp., dec'd.
21. Account of Thomas P. Campbell, Esq., Administrator of the estate of Isaac Fisher, late of the borough of Huntingdon, deceased.
22. Administration account of Andrew Crownover, Executor of the last will and testament of Hezekiah Crownover, late of Barree twp., deceased.
23. Administration account of And. Crownover, and Van Buren Hirst, Administrators of John Hirst, late of Barree twp., deceased.
24. Guardianship account of John M. Bailey, Guardian of Judith L. Stewart, minor daughter of Joseph Stewart, deceased, the said Judith L. being now also deceased.
DANIEL W. WOMELSDORF,
Register's Office, } Register.
Hunt., July 15, 1865. }

NOTICE is hereby given to all persons interested that the following Inventories of the goods and Chattels set to widows, under the provisions of the act of 14th of April, 1851, have been filed in the office of the Clerk of the Orphans' Court of Huntingdon county and will be presented for "approval by the Court" on Monday the 14th day of August next, (1865,):
1. Inventory and appraisement of the goods and chattels which were of George Rupert, late of Henderson twp. deceased, set apart to his widow Mary S. Rupert.
2. The Inventory and appraisement of the goods and chattels which were of George A Flanagan late of Tod township deceased set apart to his widow Rachel Flanagan.
3. The Inventory and appraisement of the goods and chattels which were of Andrew Gilliland, late of Cromwell township, deceased, set apart to his widow Mary Gilliland
4 Inventory and appraisement of the goods and chattels which were of Peter Curfman, late of Cass township, deceased, set apart to his widow Mary Curfman.
5 Inventory and appraisement of the goods and chattels which were of John A. Smith, late of Clay township, deceased, taken by his widow Mary Smith.
6. The Inventory and appraisement of the goods and chattels which were of Patrick G. Davis, late of Porter township, deceased, elected to be retained by the heirs of said deceased.
7 Inventory and appraisement of the goods and chattels which were of John Bice, late of Union township, deceased, set apart to his widow Mary Jane Bice.
8 Inventory and appraisement of the goods and chattels which were of Thos. Ashton, late of Springfield township, deceased, set apart to his widow Elizabeth Ashton.
9 Inventory and appraisement of the goods and chattels which were of William Brown, late of Cromwell township deceased, set apart to his widow Nancy Brown.
10 Inventory and appraisement of the goods and chattels which were of Samuel Parsons late of Tell township, deceased, set apart to his widow Nancy Parsons.
11. The Inventory and appraisement of the goods and chattels which were of Samuel Shue, late of Clay township deceased, set apart to his widow Rebecca Shue.
12 Inventory and appraisement of the goods and chattels which were of Samuel Watson, late of Walker township, deceased, set apart to his widow Catharine Watson.
13 Inventory and appraisement of the goods and chattels which were of William Maffit, late of Juniata township, deceased, elected to be retained by Christiana Maffit widow of said deceased.
14 Inventory and appraisement of the goods and chattels which were of Joseph Lefford, late of Juniata township, deceased, set apart to his widow Lydia Lefford.
15 Inventory and appraisement of the goods and chattels which were of Joseph Oburn, late of Jackson township. deceased, set apart to his widow Mary Oburn.
16 Inventory and appraisement of the goods and chattels which were of Daniel Barr, late of Jackson township, deceased, set apart to his widow Martha Barr.
17 Inventory and appraisement of the goods and chattels which were of Abraham McCoy, late of the borough of Huntingdon, deceased, set apart to his widow Ann McCoy.
18 Inventory and appraisement of the goods and chattels which were of John McGrath, late of Carbon township, deceased, set apart to his widow Margaret McGrath.
DANIEL WOMELSDORF,
July 19, 1865. Register.

Another New Lot of Wall Paper,
Just received at Lewis' Book Store.

FRUIT CANS, TIN, STONE and GLASS FRUIT CANS of all sizes, for sale at
HENRY & MILLER'S

Henry & Miller's,
The place to buy cheap SUGAR, to put up fruit.
July 19, 1865–3w.

RECEIVING GOODS DAILY.
We are still receiving Goods daily, by Express and the Pennsylvania Railroad, that we will sell cheap.
HENRY & MILLER.

Candidates.
For all announcements of ten lines or less, $2; for every additional line (ten words to a line,) 20 cents—payable in advance.

SHERIFF.
We are requested to announce DAVID CLARKSON, Esq., as a candidate for the office of Sheriff, subject to the decision of the Union County Convention. jy11*

ASSOCIATE JUDGE.
We are advised to announce HON. WM. B. LEAS as a candidate for Associate Judge, subject to the approval of the Union County Convention. jy12*

ASSEMBLY.
EDITOR OF GLOBE:—Announce CAPT. JOHN LIVINGSTON, of West township, a brave and wounded soldier, as a candidate for Assembly, subject to the decision of the Union County Convention. jy12*tc

DIRECTOR OF THE POOR.—
We announce HENRY A. MARK, of Juniata township, as a suitable candidate for Director of the Poor at the coming October election.
Mr. Mark was elected last Fall to fill the unexpired term of Mr. Hackenberg, who removed to the West. He is acquainted with the affairs of the Directorship, and being a shrewd business man, honest, courteous and humane, with the experience he has obtained, it will be decidedly to the interest of the tax-payers to re-elect him. The Directorship is one of the most important offices of the County, and should be judiciously filled.
In presenting Mr. Mark for re-election, we do it in view of his acceptance, and the concurrence of the Union Nominating Convention.—*Shirleysburg Herald.* je27'65

COUNTY TREASURER—
We are requested to announce Captain THOMAS B. REED, of Huntingdon, as a candidate for the office of County Treasurer, subject to the approval of the Union County Convention.
Huntingdon, June 19, '65–*

CANDIDATE FOR SHERIFF.—
I offer myself as a candidate for the office of Sheriff of Huntingdon county, subject to the decision of the Union County Convention, to be held in August next.
Cromwell township. JOHN B. SHENEFELT.
Mr. Shenefelt is a respectable and intelligent farmer of Cromwell township, who states that he does not intend canvassing the county to secure delegates, as he has not the time nor the desire to do so.
June 19, '65.

TREASURER.—
MR. EDITOR:—Please announce the name of HENRY J. SMITH, as a candidate for Treasurer subject to the decision of Union County Convention.
Mr. Smith enlisted as a private in the company raised by Captain J. H. Wintrode, in September, 1861, and served with his regiment (the 53d Penna. Vols.) throughout thewar. After the battle of Fair Oaks, in June 1862, he was promoted to the 2d Lieutenancy of his company, and served in that capacity until January 1st, 1863, when he was promoted to Captain, and held that commission until the end of the war. He was engaged in every battle fought by the army of the Potomac until the time of his capture in June, 1864, before Petersburg.
He was severely wounded at the first battle of Fredericksburg, and also at the battle of Gettysburg. He still carries in his shoulder the ball received at Gettysburg, and experienced all the horrors of the rebel prisons for nine months.
He is a young man, good character, and fully competent to discharge the duties of the office.
june21,1865* WALKER TOWNSHIP.

ASSOCIATE JUDGE.—
The suggestion contained in the *Journal & American* of last week, bringing forward the name of THOMAS FISHER of Huntingdon, for Associate Judge meets with decided approval in our section of the county. Mr. Fisher has been long known by the farmers in this valley as a man of sound judgment and strict integrity, and we know that he is the *right* man for the place
June 14, '65–tc.* PENN & WALKER.

CANDIDATE FOR SHERIFF.—
We are authorized to announce Capt. THOMAS S. MCCAHAN as a candidate for the office of Sheriff of Huntingdon county, subject to the approval of the Union Co. convention to convene during the month of August next.
Huntingdon, May 31, 1865.–tc*

R. M'BURNEY. E. P. THOMPSON.
M'BURNEY & THOMPSON,
WHOLESALE
GROCERS,
AND
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
No. 148 Market st.
PHILADELPHIA.
ny12,1865-3m.

Mercantile Pollock's Philadelphia College
ESTABLISHED IN 1840.
Incorporated by the Legislature of the State of Pennsylvania.
Located on the N. W. Corner of 7th and Chestnut sts.
(701) (701)
Designed exclusively to impart a thorough and PRACTICAL BUSINESS EDUCATION.
All classes of persons require such an education. Those possessing means, need it in conducting *their own* business Those without means need it in obtaining and creditably filling lucrative positions in the *employ of others.*
The course of instruction and practice is arranged so as to fully meet the diversified wants of every department of DOMESTIC AND FOREIGN TRADE,
as comprehended or embraced under the three general divisions of industry: Agriculture, Manufacture and Commerce.
Each student is instructed individually in both theory and practice of Book Keeping, according to the most approved and labor saving methods, Business Penmanship, *Calculations, and all the collateral branches of a complete* course of business education; and upon passing a satisfactory examination is awarded, by authority of law, a diploma, under the corporate s al of the college.
Students are received at any time. And it is believed that a practical experience of over TWENTY YEARS will be considered by the public an ample guarantee of the practical character of the course and efficiency of the instruction.
All further information desired can be obtained at the college, or by addressing the Principal for a circular by mail.
☞ A liberal discount is allowed to wounded and honorably discharged soldiers. The college is open day and evening.
T. H. POLLOCK, Att'y-at-Law,
jy12,1865 Principal.

VALUABLE REAL ESTATE AT PRIVATE SALE.
The undersigned will sell on fair reasonable price the following real estate situate in DUBLIN Township, Huntingdon county, belonging to Mrs. Eliza M. Pym:
No. 1.—Adjoining lands of James Neely, William Stewart, and others, containing one hundred and sixteen acres and sixty-five perches, more or less.
No. 2—Adjoining lands of James Neely, James Kelly, and James Cree, containing seventeen acres, more or less.
No. 3.—Adjoining the above and containing seventeen acres and thirty-six perches, part whereof is cleared.
The real estate above mentioned was purchased by Mrs. Eliza M. Pym at Sheriff's sale of the property of William Campbell.
Any person wishing to purchase the above properties can ascertain the full particulars and terms of sale by calling on H. C. Robson, Esq., of Shade Gap, or
SCOTT, BROWN & BAILEY,
Huntingdon, July 12, 1865. Attys. for E. M. Pym.

Public Sale.
Will be sold at public sale at the late residence of Jacob Showalter, in JUNIATA township,
On Thursday, the 3d day of August 1865,
A FARM OF 150 ACRES,
more or less; 100 acres of which are under cultivation, *the balance well timbered. The improvements* are two Dwelling Houses with large frame bank barn and other good necessary outbuildings.—There are two good apple orchards and a variety of other fruit of all kinds on the premises, and the whole well watered.
Terms made known on day of sale, and possession given on 1st of April, 1866.
N. B.—*On said there will also be sold one Mare and colt,* Buggy, one bed and other articles of household furniture.
ANTHONY PARKS,
jly12 Administrator.

CASSVILLE SEMINARY.
A School for Young Ladies & Gentlemen.
The next session of this Institution will open on the first Tuesday of August. This institution is pleasantly located in central Pennsylvania, about 13 miles from Mill Creek, a station on the Pennsylvania Central Railroad, with which it is connected by a tri-weekly line of stages. The scenery is picturesque. The buildings large, airy, and abundantly supplied with pure mountain water. Ample accommodations for one hundred pupils.
A full and efficient corps of teachers has been employed and no pains or expense spared to render it one of the first institutions of learning in the country.
For the benefit of those preparing to teach, a Normal Class has been started under the direct supervision of the principal, in which practical instruction will be given in *the theory and practice of Teaching.*
TERMS PER QUARTER OF ELEVEN WEEKS.
Tuition, Boarding and Room Rent..... ..... $37 00
Music, Latin and Greek, extra.
For further particulars, address,
W. A. HUNTER, Principal,
jy12 Cassville, Huntingdon co., Pa.

BACON, SHOULDERS and SIDES, for sale at HENRY & MILLER'S.
June 28, 1865–3w.

SUGAR CURED HAMS, for sale at
HENRY & MILLER'S.

DRIED BEEF for sale at
HENRY & MILLER'S.

NEW FIRM and NEW GOODS.
We are now securing a large Stock of all kinds of Goods. Having purchased this Stock of Goods in a dull season of the year, and principally for CASH, we are enabled to offer great inducements to our customers. Call and see.
HENRY & MILLER.
West end of Huntingdon, Pa.

NOW OPEN,
WHARTON & MAGUIRE'S
NEW
Hardware Store,
IN THE BROAD TOP DEPOT BUILDING.
The public generally are invited to call before purchasing elsewhere.
Huntingdon, June 28, 1865.

Normal School
AT
Kishacoquillas, Mifflin County, Pa.
The second quarter of the summer session will commence JULY 12, 1865, and continue two months.
Teachers and those preparing to teach could find no better opportunity to fit them for their profession.
For particulars address,
S. Z. SHARP,
je21,1865–1d* Principal.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.—
[Estate of Daniel Barr, dec'd.]
Letters testamentary upon the will and testament of Daniel Barr, late of Jackson township, Huntingdon County, deceased, have been granted to the subscriber. All persons indebted are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims will present them properly authenticated to the undersigned.
STERRETT CUMMINS,
June 21, 1865–6t*. Executor.

LOTS FOR SALE
IN
WEST HUNTINGDON, PA.
APPLY TO
WM. DORRIS, JR.,
Agent for J. E. Thomson.
Huntingdon, June 20, 1865.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE.
Estate of Amos Chilcote, dec'd.
The undersigned Administrator of Amos Chilcote, late of Tod township, dec'd., will sell by public sale on the premises,
On Saturday, the 22d day of July, 1865,
at one o'clock, P. M., that certain tract or parcel of land situate in Tod township Huntingdon county, on the west side of Rocky Ridge, adjoining lands of Henry Lins on the northwest, of John Savage on the east, and land late of

The Globe.

HUNTINGDON, PA.

Wednesday morning, July 19, 1865.

LOCAL & PERSONAL.

To Subscribers.

Those subscribers receiving a paper marked with a † before the name will understand that the time for which they subscribed is up. If they wish the paper continued they will renew their subscription through the mail or otherwise. tf.

Scratchings.

—The carpenter work in the Court Room has been completed.

—The family of Thos. P. Campbell, Esq., of this place, intend leaving this week for the west.

—An error was made in the notice last week of a Quarterly meeting at Barree station. The time of commencement should have been the 21st of July next.

—The M. E. Sunday School intend holding a picnic at the Cottage Grove on Saturday next. We predict they will have a good time, if the weather is favorable.

—Altoona can *boast* of a corps of colored boot-blacks. They, like their uncolored "brudders of de craft," in the cities, are, to use a vulgar phrase, full of "brass, gass and sass."

—Huntingdon, we think, would not suffer the least morally, and but little pecuniarily, should it have a vigilant police force. Rowdyism and corner-loafing is becoming too rampant.

—The Clarion county Agricultural Society intend holding a County Fair this season. Other counties propose doing likewise. It is high time our agricultural friends should suggest the same in this county.

—Some of our professional men experimented last week in harvesting hay, being unable to secure laborers. We think blistered hands and aching limbs can testify that they, the "first fruits" of farming are not desirable.

—We experienced last week some extraordinarily cold weather for this season. The nights were comfortable enough for sleeping, mosquitoes having ceased their troubling, but the mornings and even the days were cool enough for a fire. Linen vanished.

—We neglected noticing last week that the corner stone of J. A. Brown's hardware store was laid in the same week of the Fourth. Every stone laid since convinces us the structure will be what we long since predicted—an ornament.

—We hear it stated the steamer Etna intends running between Hollidaysburg and Petersburg hereafter, not having sufficient countenance in the way of *freight or passengers* from Huntingdon to justify it in running here.

—Two prisoners named respectively Brinkly Trout and William Parks escaped from jail on Tuesday afternoon last. They were imprisoned on the charge of stealing mules. A reward of $50 is offered by Sheriff Johnston for their arrest and delivery in jail.

—A letter from Maj. G. F. McCabe informs us that the 13th Regt., Penna. Cavalry would march from Raleigh, N. C., for Philadelphia, the 16th July, 1865, to be mustered out of service.—Friends and relatives may expect to see the brave boys at their homes by the first of August next.

—The mules so extensively advertised to be sold here, came at last on Thursday. In the evening quite a number of citizens were in the field inspecting the animals, which they found in tolerably good condition.—The mules sold well, the price averaging about $80. One hundred were sold on Friday, and the remaining one hundred on Saturday. We expect to see mule teams quite numerous hereafter.

—The total amount of resources and liabilities of the First National Bank of Huntingdon for the last quarter is $557,198 02. Notes and bills discounted for the same term $153,912-01; Banking house and lot $5,910 21; Furniture and fixtures $472 25; U. S. Bonds and other U. S. securities deposited with U. S. Treasurer $224,180-55. Capital stock paid in $150,000; Individual deposits, $252,951 47.

—It may not be known that re-frozen ice cream is unwholesome; but such is the fact. In an eastern city many deaths have occurred from eating ice cream that was kept over night and refrozen the next day. While eating, the harmful influence is not felt, and not until it reaches the stomach and is dissolved. Venders of the luxury will make a note of this and have a regard for the welfare of the community.

—It is strange how editors sometimes get muddled in selecting copy for their journals, and many laughable incidents have we read of the strange commingling of facts and data. We have an incident under our notice which though not laughable is yet curious. The Altoona *Tribune* gives in these words the substance of an accident that occurred *in this place* to *Mr. Henry Snare:*

"Henry Lenard, a carpenter, while engaged in building an out-house on the property of Joseph Hanigar, in Hollidaysburg, on Saturday last, fell from the top of the same upon a chisel, which entered the sole of his foot, coming out at the top. He is recovering."

Educational.

The next annual meeting of the Pennsylvania State Teachers' Association will be held in Meadville, Crawford county, on Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday, the 1st, 2d and 3d of August next. Full arrangements have been made by the Executive Committee for rendering the meeting both profitable and attractive, as well as for the accommodation of all in attendance. A number of able educators from our own and adjoining States will give tone and character to the proceedings. The subjects selected for Reports, Discussions, and Evening Addresses are of a practical nature, designed to benefit the teachers of the State. Accommodations for teachers attending the Convention have been secured at reduced rates in hotels and private families. All the railroads leading to Meadville have generously agreed to remit one half of the usual fares. It is desirable that there be as full an attendance as possible and that each county be properly represented. The teachers of this county are cordially invited to attend.

R. McDIVITT, Co. Supt.

By request of Wm. F. Wyers, Chairman Executive Committee, West Chester, Pa.

Pests, etc.

The modern prophetess who went so far as to predict that the present season would be unsurpassed for the number of flies is not wrong in her prediction. Flies here, there, and everywhere; do you take your seat before a sumptuous repast behold they are there, where their appearance brings to view the terrible hallucination of an internal commotion; do we seat ourself in the sanctum behold flying in zig-zag curves around the paste-cup the winged pests, ever anon alighting to partake of the sweets of newly made dough; and does your desire, in the impulse of an excitable moment, lead you to see them no more by closing the eyelids and falling into slumber your dream of pleasure is cut short by the crawling of one, two, or a dozen flies seeking on your exposed physiognome the smallest stray crumb of sugar or least drop of molasses. They are pests, torments, humbugs, (more bug than hum,) and we are in for a war of extermination against them. The query here arises, How did Pharaoh get rid of those that tormented his people, so that we could apply the same remedy.

Pensions.

The following items in reference to pensions are important to those interested. Those entitled to pensions are:

1. Invalids; disabled since March 4th, '61, in the military and naval service of the United States, while in the line of duty.

2. Widows of officers, soldiers and seamen who have died of wounds received, or disease contracted in the service as above.

3. Children under sixteen years of age, either of the aforesaid deceased parents; if there is no widow surviving, or from the date of the widow's re-marriage.

4. Sisters under sixteen years of age depending upon said deceased brother wholly or in part for support, provided there are none of the last three classes above mentioned.

Invalids and friends of deceased soldiers are reminded that in order to have said pensions commence when the service terminates, the application must be made within a year of the discharge of the invalid, or decease of the officer, soldier, or seamen as the case may be.

National Currency Small Notes.

The new one and two dollar notes of the National Banks are making their appearance. The face of the $2 note has a large figure 2 extending over the right end half of the note, and a vignette of America displaying the National Standard on the left. The centre vignette on the back of the note represents Sir Walter Raleigh smoking an Indian pipe before a number of European savans, and exhibiting a number of *Indian trophies to their* great wonderment. The right end is adorned with the American eagle, with the initials U. S. underneath.—The left end contains the coat of arms of the State in which the Bank is located. Altogether it is a beautiful note, and not easily counterfeited.

The Crops.

The early maturity of the crops this year is a matter of surprise. The harvest is at least eight days earlier than has been known for many years. But it is to be regretted that the promise of an extraordinary yield of wheat has not been fulfilled. It has been considerably injured by the weevil in some localities, while it is generally much lighter than was expected. The corn crop, however, promise very well.

—Robert Lee of Penn township, was drowned in Raystown branch, above Judge Garner's Mill, on Saturday evening last. He had went in to set an outline, and was seen to go under, but before any assistance could go to his relief, life was extinct.

—A simple mode of keeping butter in warm weather, where ice is not handy—invert a common flower pot over the butter, with some water in the dish in which the butter is laid. The orifice at the bottom may be corked or not. The porousness of the earthenware will keep the butter cool.

Soldiers' Monument.

To the People of Huntingdon County.

A meeting was held at the Court House in Huntingdon, in pursuance of a general call, at which the undersigned were instructed, among other things, to urge the citizens of the several boroughs and townships of the County, to meet in HUNTINGDON,

On Monday, the 14th day of August, '65.

for the purpose of organizing an association to erect a monument to those who fell, in defense of Rupublican liberty, during the late rebellion. It is proposed that the names of every citizen of the county who fell, whether on the field of battle, or by the hand of disease, shall be inscribed upon the monument; all the details, including design and location, to be determined, when a sufficient sum of money shall have been raised by contributions.

It can scarcely be necessary that we should refer to the fitness of such a work; we are persuaded that there is no one among you who will not feel proud and glad to join in this undertaking—this work of gratitude to those whose devotion has secured to us the form of Republican freedom—this last office of grateful homage to the sublime heroism and patriotic fortitude which have preserved for us the spirit of human liberty.

We most earnestly urge upon you, that you see to it, that every community has a voice in the meeting on the 14th of August,—let the delegation from each township and borough be as large as possible. It will be necessary to appoint a local committee in each municipal sub-division, to canvass thoroughly for contributions; your representatives at the meeting should be prepared to report the names of energetic and earnest men and women to take charge of this duty. All your activity and ingenuity will be required to push the work successfully through. Every man and woman should take an active part—should devote his and her whole energy to the undertaking. It is necessary that you should organize in every township and borough—do so at once. Let us work, *work*, WORK, until the last penny shall have been secured; then we shall enjoy the proud satisfaction of rearing a monument which will be creditable alike to ourselves, and the purpose for which it is intended; but should we fail, having devoted less attention to the subject than its importance demands, and it can only be from such a cause, if we do fail, it will be a reproach, a burning reproach, upon us all.

Everywhere, all over the land, we hear shouts of welcome to the returning braves who have exchanged the duties of the camp and the field for the joys of home and the arts of peace; while in the midst of our rejoicings for the victory, while our hearts are glad for the return of our sons and brothers, who come to us, with "brows bound with victorious wreaths," let us remember those other hearts, filled with sadness, whose throbs echo the sound of no homeward footsteps—but the mournful cadence of the funeral march. While we greet the living, let us cherish the memory of the dead; let us raise a shaft to commemorate the heroic virtues of the fallen, from which the widows and orphans which the war has made, can gather the consolation that their husbands and fathers have not died in vain, but have builded for themselves a monument in the hearts of men, not of perishable stone, which shall endure until the record of the glorious achievements of the last four years shall have faded from the page of history.

J. D. CAMPBELL, Chairman.

Capt. J. Wintrode,	James Creo,
J. G. Miles, Esq.,	J. M. Bailey, Esq.,
S. McVitty, Esq.,	Perry Moore,
Rev. S. H. Reid,	Thomas P. Love,
Wm. M. Phillips,	Saml. Thompson,
William Lewis,	John Cummins.

TRAVERSE JURORS.

David Buck, farmer, Warriormark
Daniel Book, farmer, Cromwell
John Briggs, farmer, Tell
William Buckley, farmer, Shirley
Samuel Barr, farmer, Jackson
Jacob S Covert, mason, Shirley
John D Carberry, farmer, Carbon
Peter Dell, farmer, Cass
William S Entrekin, farmer, Hopewell
John Enycart, farmer, Cromwell
Aaron W Evans, millwright, Cassville
Oliver Etnier, farmer, Cromwell
James Entrekin, farmer, Hopewell
Alex. G Ewing, teacher, Franklin
Benjamin Fouse, merchant, Shirley
David N Garner, soldier, Penn
Samuel B Garner, gentleman, Penn
Isaac Grove, farmer, Penn
John Griffith, farmer, Tod
Benjamin F Glasgow, farmer, Union
James Gillam, watchman, Brady
J Harman, cabinet maker, Jackson
Jacob Herncame, farmer, Shirley
George Heaton, merchant, Carbon
John Hewitt, farmer, Porter
Henry S. Isenberg, farmer, Carbon
Thomas Kelley, farmer, Cromwell
Jacob Knode, farmer, West
John Kiner, farmer, Union
Jacob Lane, farmer, Springfield
Abner Lamp, bricklayer, Huntingdon
George McCrum, farmer, Barree
Geo A Miller, merchant, Huntingdon
John B Myton, farmer, West
Samuel McVitty, farmer, Clay
William B McMullen, farmer, Tell
James McGill, farmer, Jackson
David Neff, farmer, Porter
John Palmer, boss miner, Carbon
Jacob Prough, sr., laborer, Penn
Mahlon Stryker, farmer, West
John Smiley, farmer, Barree
Samuel Silknitter, farmer, Barree
E Summers, confectioner, Huntingdon
David Shaeffer, farmer, Shirley
James Thompson, blacksmith, West
John Weston, farmer, Warriormark
James Ward, farmer, Walker

☞ The Secretary of the Treasury contemplates the discontinuance of all issues of fractional currency less than ten cents. The printing of three cent notes has been stopped by act of Congress; and the Secretary will order that no more five cent notes shall be issued. It is expected that this will bring into use the two and three-cent metallic currency now coined at the mint, which are at present hoarded as fast as issued.

—We advise every reader to peruse the appeal of the chairman of the Monument Committee in to-day's "*Globe.*"

☞ For neat JOB PRINTING, call at the "GLOBE JOB PRINTING OFFICE," at Huntingdon, Pa.

Items about Home.

Painful Accident.—The wife of Mr. Geo. Smith, residing on a farm of Gen. Jas. Burns, a few miles above Lewistown, had her leg broken on Sunday morning by being thrown from a wagon.

Lodged in Jail.—A man named Duncan, said to be from Blair county, was lodged in the Mifflin county jail on Monday on the double charge of threatening the lives of ladies at the east end of Lewistown and of kidnapping a child. Upon investigation it was discovered the child was his own, the mother living in Harrisburg. She also claimed to be his wife.

The Fourth in General.—Our exchanges report favorably of the manner of the celebration held in their respective localities on the Fourth Very few accidents are reported.

Accidental Shooting.—Henry Bailey, aged about 10 years, son of Capt. Wm. Bailey, of Hollidaysburg, was accidentally shot in the back of the head by a pistol that went off in the hands of a boy named Benjamin Baker, aged about 15. There is but little hope of his recovery.

Fire.—A large woolen factory belonging to D C. Gibboney, of Duncansville, Blair county, took fire on the morning of the 5th inst., and was totally consumed. The loss is between $8,000 and $10,000, with no insurance.

Drowned.—On Thursday, July 6, as Daniel W. Henry, son of Christian and Sarah Henry, of Frankstown, Blair county, was crossing the gates of the Frankstown lock, he struck his foot accidentally against the key of a wicket rod, and fell into the chamber above the gates, and before assistance could be obtained, was drowned. He was 8 years, 6 months and 8 days old.

Accident.—A little son of Mr. Geo. Rhodes, of Hollidaysburg, while driving a horse rake on Monday, the 3rd inst., was thrown from his seat in front of the rake and dragged at full gallop across the field, and very badly injured; but we are glad to say is now recovering. The horse took fright at the whistle of the steamboat.

7-30 *Subscriptions.*—The Hollidaysburg *Register* says:—Since the issue of the 7-30 loan ten months since the First National Bank of Hollidaysburg has taken bonds amounting to two hundred and sixteen thousand seven hundred dollars; and since the establishment of the Bank twenty months ago it has taken and sold Government bonds to the amount of two hundred and seventy three thousand six hundred dollars. The First National Bank of Altoona, we see it stated, have also taken and sold 7-30 Bonds amounting to seventy five thousand dollars.

Renowned Visitors.—Major General Gregg, of cavalry renown, was in Hollidaysburg last week, and stopped with his uncle, Col. R. A. McMurtrie. Our town was visited by Ex-Governor Tod, of Ohio, preparatory to going to Bedford Springs.

Killed.—A man named Jas. Murray employed in the western Round House at Altoona, was crushed to death on the afternoon of the 4th, by being caught between two locomotives on the turn table. He was about sixty years of age, and leaves a wife and several children.

Railroad Accident.—A man named Geis, of Johnstown, had one of his legs so severely crushed by being run over by the Johnstown Accommodation Train east, at Blairsville intersection, on Thursday evening, as to render amputation necessary.

New Railroad.—There is a corps of engineers locating a line for a railroad from Phillipsburg, in Center county, to Franklin, Venango county.

Horse Sale.—A sale of 200 Government horses is advertised to be held in Mifflin on the 26th July.

COURT AFFAIRS.

GRAND JURORS.

Booher, John merchant, Alexandria.
Hugh Cunningham, farmer, Porter.
Henry Cook, farmer, Carbon.
John Eyer, jr., farmer, Warriorsmark.
Daniel Foster, distiller, Brady.
Christian Fouse, farmer, Hopewell.
Henry Garner, farmer, Juniata.
John C. Hicks, farmer, Porter.
Henry Holtzapple, miller, West.
Isaac Heffner, farmer, Juniata.
John Henderson, farmer, West.
Edward B. Isett, farmer, Franklin.
Jesse McClain, farmer, Carbon.
Newton Madden, farmer, Springfield.
G. Miller, (R. T.) farmer, Henderson.
Benjamin L. Neff, miller, West.
Samuel Peightal, farmer, Walker.
James Port, collector, Huntingdon.
George B. Porter, farmer, Franklin.
James Posten, farmer, Cass.
James Peterson, farmer, Dublin.
Wash. Reynolds, farmer, Franklin.
George Senft, machinist, Clay.
James Webb, farmer, Walker.

TEMPERANCE.—A National Temperance Convention will meet at Saratoga Springs on Tuesday, the first day of August. Some of the most influential advocates of the cause are leaders in this movement. The call says intemperance has cast a deep shade over the sorrows of the war and imperilled thousands of brave defenders whom shot and shell have spared.

TROOPS FURNISHED.—The Adjutant Generals in Convention to-day in Boston made reports showing the number of troops furnished by the following States:

Maine, 66,669; Massachusetts, 153,706; Vermont, 34,490; New Hampshire, 33,258; Connecticut, 54,408; Kansas, 21,948; Rhode Island, 25,355; Pennsylvania, 360,000; West Virginia, 29,012; Iowa, 72,358.

Photograph Family Record.

Messrs. Bartleson & Co., of Philadelphia, the sole manufacturers and publishers of this great work, have appointed Mr. A. S. Harrison, their agent for this county. We understand that Mr. Harrison, will commence to canvass at once and give every family an opportunity to secure one. This book long needed, has come at last. 2t.

DIED,

On Thursday July 13th, in this borough, Miss LIDA J. SMITH, aged 21 years, 1 month and 21 days.

The joy of our household is gone,
The voice we love is stilled;
A place is vacant at our hearth,
Which never can be filled.

We miss thee from our home, loved one,
We miss thee from thy place;
Ah life to us is now so dark,
Without the sunshine of thy face

In Cassville, 21st of June last, JAS. OLIVER HENDERSON, aged 20 years, 9 months and 16 days.

PHILADELPHIA MARKETS.

	July, 19
Fancy and Extra Family Flour	$7,50@8,50
Common and Superfine	$6,00@6,50
Rye Flour	$5.00
Corn Meal	$3 bl $4,75
Extra White Wheat	$1,80@2,00
Fair and Prime Red	$1,70@1,77
Rye	160
Corn, prime Yellow	90
Oats	69
Barley	$ bu $1.00
Clover seed, 64 lbs	$17.50
Timothy	$4,50
Flaxseed	$2.50
Wool	65@70
Hides	13

HUNTINGDON MARKETS.

Extra Family Flour bbl	$8,50
Extra to Fancy	4,00
White Wheat	1,60
Red Wheat	1,50
Rye	80
Corn	75
Oats	50
Clover seed	7,00
Flaxseed	1,00
Dried Apples	2,00
Butter	20
Eggs	20
Lard	30
Ham	22
Shoulder	20
Sides	14
Tallow	10

SPECIAL NOTICE.

TO THE LADIES.—Do you really intend to cease wearing the beautiful styles now so prevalent, or dress less elegantly, because the rebel Jeff. Davis, was captured in Fashionable Female attire? One moment's calm reflection will surely serve to change your rash resolve. The angels had too much good sense to lay aside their pure chaste robes of white, because they had for a time served to hide the deformities of that Prince of Rebels, the Devil. Can you err in following the example of Angels? Then having made up your minds that you will continue to dress tastefully regardless of rebel acts, *do not forget to call at the store of the subscribers, who will be happy at all times to furnish you with such articles of dress as you may desire.* Urge your fathers, husbands, brothers, neighbors and children to visit the same store. They can here be suited in good articles of Boots, Shoes, Clothing Material, Hats, Caps, Queensware and a general assortment of Groceries, on as reasonable terms as at any House in town. Store on South east corner of the Diamond, Huntingdon, Pa.

may 31, 1865. JAS. B. WALLACE.

DR. STRICKLAND.—The valuable remedies offered by this regularly educated physician, who came here from Tennessee, highly recommended, will be found advertised in our columns. His office is No. 6 East Fourth street, Cincinnati, O.

We would advise any one suffering from a distressing cough or any affliction of the throat or lungs, to try Dr. Strickland's Melelifluous Cough Balsam; it is for sale at the drug stores.

U. S. 7-30 LOAN.

THIRD SERIES,

$230,000,000.

By authority of the Secretary of the Treasury, the undersigned, the General Subscription Agent for the sale of United States Securities, offers to the public the third series of Treasury Notes, bearing seven and three-tenths per cent. interest per annum, known as the

7.30 LOAN.

These notes are issued under date of July 15, 1865, and are payable three years from that date in currency, or are convertible at the option of the holder into

U. S. 5-20 SIX PER CENT. GOLD-BEARING BONDS.

These Bonds are now worth a handsome premium, and are exempt, as are all the Government Bonds, *from State County, and Municipal taxation, which adds from one to three per cent. per annum to their value,* according to the rate levied upon other property. The interest is payable semi-annually by coupons attached to each note, which may be cut off and sold to any bank or banker.

The interest at 7.30 per cent, amounts to

One cent per day on a			$50 *note.*
Two cents	"	"	$100 "
Ten	"	"	$500 "
20	"	"	$1000 "
$1	"	"	$5000 "

Notes of all the denominations named will be promptly furnished upon receipt of subscriptions.

The Notes of the Third Series are precisely similar in form and privileges to the Seven-Thirties already sold, except that the Government reserves to itself the option of paying interest in gold coin at 6 per cent., instead of 7 3-10ths in currency. Subscribers will deduct the interest in currency up to July 15th, at the time when they subscribe.

The delivery of the notes of this third series of the Seven-thirties will commence on the 1st of June, and will be made *promptly and continuously after that date.*

The slight change made in the conditions of this THIRD SERIES affects only the matter of interest. The payment in gold, if made, will be equivalent to the currency interest of the higher rate.

The return to specie payments, in the event of which only will the option to pay interest in Gold be availed of, would so reduce and equalize prices that purchases made with six per cent. in gold would be fully equal to those made with seven and three tenths per cent. in currency. This is

THE ONLY LOAN IN MARKET

Now offered by the Government, and its superior advantages make it the

Great Popular Loan of the People

Less than $230,000,000 of the Loan authorized by the last Congress are now on the market. This amount, at the rate at which it is being absorbed, will all be subscribed for within sixty days, when the notes will undoubtedly command a premium; as has uniformly been the case on closing the subscriptions to other Loans.

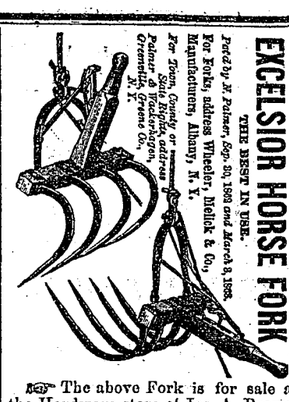
In order that citizens of every town and section of the country may be afforded facilities for taking the loan the National Banks, State Bank, and Private Bankers, throughout the country, have generally agreed to receive subscriptions at par. Subscribers will select their own agents, in whom they have confidence, and who only are to be responsible for the delivery of the notes for which they receive orders

JAY COOKE,
SUBSCRIPTION AGENT, *Philadelphia.*

Subscriptions will be received by the

First National Bank of Huntingdon.
First National Bank of Hollidaysburg
First National Bank of Altoona.
First National Bank of Bellefonte.
First National Bank of Harrisburg.

my21,1865



EXCELSIOR HORSE FORK

THE BEST IN USE.

Patd by M. Palmer, Sep. 30, 1862 and March 3, 1863.

For Forks, address Wheeler, Melick & Co., Manufacturers, Albany, N. Y.

For Town, County or State Rights, address Palmer & Wickersham, Greenwich, N. Y.

☞ The above Fork is for sale at the Hardware store of Jas. A. Brown, Huntingdon, Pa.

june 7, '65–tf.

NEW STOCK OF GOODS.

EVERYBODY IS INVITED TO CALL AT

S. S. SMITH'S STORE,

ON HILL STREET, HUNTINGDON, PENNA.

THE BEST
SUGAR and MOLASSES,
COFFEE, TEA and CHOCOLATE.
FLOUR, FISH, SALT and VINEGAR,
CONFECTIONERIES, CIGARS and TOBACCO,
SPICES OF THE BEST, AND ALL KINDS,
and every other article usually found in a Grocery Store

ALSO— Drugs, Chemicals, Dye Stuffs, Paints, Varnishes, Oils and Spts. Turpentine, Fluid, Alcohol, Glass and Putty, BEST WINE and BRANDY for medical purposes. ALL THE BEST PATENT MEDICINES, BOOTS AND SHOES,

and a large number of articles too numerous to mention. The public generally will please call and examine for themselves and learn my prices.

Huntingdon, June 7 '65. S. S. SMITH.

HARDWARE

AND

CUTLERY!

AN

IMMENSE STOCK

AND

ENDLESS VARIETY

OF

HARDWARE, CUTLERY, &c.

NOW OPEN

AND FOR SALE BY

JAS. A. BROWN,

HUNTINGDON, PENNA.

CALL AND EXAMINE OUR STOCK.

Huntingdon, June 7, 1865

HEAD QUARTERS

FOR

NEW GOODS.

D. P. GWIN

INFORMS THE PUBLIC

THAT HE HAS

JUST OPENED

A

SPLENDID STOCK of NEW GOODS

THAT

CAN'T BE BEAT

IN

CHEAPNESS AND QUALITY.

COME AND SEE.

D. P. GWIN,

May. 23, '65.

NEW CLOTHING

AT LOW PRICES.

M. CUTMAN

HAS JUST OPENED A FINE STOCK OF NEW

SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS,

Which he offers to all who want to be

CLOTHED,

AT PRICES TO SUIT THE TIMES.

His Stock consists of Ready-made Clothing for

MEN AND BOYS,

ALSO,

BOOTS AND SHOES, HATS AND CAPS, &C., &C.

Should gentlemen desire any particular kind or cut of clothing not found in the stock on hand, by leaving their measure they can be accommodated at short notice.

Call at the east corner of the Diamond, over Loug's Grocery.

MANUAL GUTMAN.

Huntingdon, May. 17, '65.

IF YOU WANT

A GOOD PHOTOGRAPH LIKENESS,

CALL AT

MRS. R. J. SAGER'S

PHOTOGRAPH GALLERY

On Hill Street, two doors west of Lewis' Book Store.

CALL AND SEE SPECIMENS.

Huntingdon, May 17, '65-tf.

JOHN SCOTT, SAMUEL T. BROWN, JOHN M. BAILE

The name of this firm has been changed from SCOTT & BROWN, to

SCOTT, BROWN & BAILEY,

under which name they will hereafter conduct their practice as

ATTORNEYS AT LAW, HUNTINGDON, PA.

PENSIONS, and all claims of soldiers and soldiers' heirs against the Government, will be promptly prosecuted.

May 17, 1865-tf.

PIANOS & MELODIANS FOR SALE

NO CABINET ORGANS.

Not a Sole Agent.

PROFESSOR HUGH COYLE offers for sale the celebrated PIANOS of STECK & CO., New York, which he considers cannot be surpassed in touch or tonability by any instrument in the market.

Notwithstanding Steinway & Co's. instruments are considered superior by certain agents, the Professor can only pronounce them good, for there is an uncertainty in the tone which he will not recommend. As Steck is the only manufacturer that gives a PRINTED GUARANTEE for the durability of his instrument, I have no hesitation in recommending the same.

Prof. Coyle is a Judge, from the fact that he has had twenty years experience in teaching music, which of itself qualifies him to recommend any instrument, but Steck's in particular.

The community can use their discretion in purchasing instruments, but Professor Coyle feels himself a judge, and notwithstanding all fictitious advertisements, he would recommend Steck & Co's. in preference to all others.

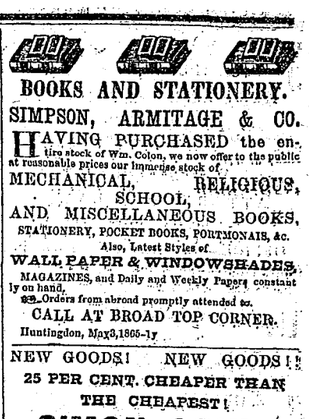
Huntingdon, May 24, 1865-3m PROF. H. COYLE.

ENVELOPES, wholesale and retail, for sale LEWIS' BOOK STORE.

Photograph Frames,

A splendid assortment of large size just received and for sale at Lewis Book Store. tf

JOB PRINTING done at this office.



BOOKS AND STATIONERY.

SIMPSON, ARMITAGE & CO.

HAVING PURCHASED the entire stock of Wm. Colon, we now offer to the public at reasonable prices our immense stock of

MECHANICAL, RELIGIOUS, SCHOOL, AND MISCELLANEOUS BOOKS,

STATIONERY, POCKET BOOKS, PORTMONAIS, &c.
Also, Latest Styles of

WALL PAPER & WINDOWSHADES,

MAGAZINES, and Daily and Weekly Papers constantly on hand.

☞ Orders from abroad promptly attended to.

CALL AT BROAD TOP CORNER.

Huntingdon, May3,1865-1y

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!!

25 PER CENT. CHEAPER THAN THE CHEAPEST!

SIMON COHN,

AT COFFEE RUN STATION,

Would respectfully call the attention of his old patrons specially, and the public in general, to his extensive stock of well selected new Goods, just received from the Eastern cities, consisting, in part, of

Dry Goods,
Clothing, Wool
en Ware, Notions,
Hats and Caps, Boots and
Shoes, Bonnets, Shawls, Circulars, Hardware, Queensware, Groceries, Wood and Willow-ware, Tobacco,
Segars, Nails, Glass, Provisions,
Oil, Fish, Salt, Tinware, Copper Ware, Drugs and
Medicines, Clocks,
Watches, &c.,

and all other articles kept in a first class dry store; all selected with the greatest care and which were purchased for cash only, and affords him to sell them at a very low figure. The public will find it to their advantage to call and examine our unsurpassed stock, before purchasing elsewhere. No pains will be spared in showing our Goods. Ladies are specially invited to examine our large stock of fashionable dress goods; Shawls, Circulars, Furs, and a great variety of Woolen Goods, Hosiery, &c. Also, a handsome assortment of LADIES' COATS

All kinds of produce taken in exchange at the highest market prices—Cash not refused. By strict attention to the wants of customers, we hope to receive a continuation of the liberal patronage with which we have been heretofore favored. Come one and all, and TRY.

☞ New Goods received daily.

May10 1865. SIMON COHN.

Farm For Sale.

THE undersigned offer the Farm on which they reside, in West township, Huntingdon county, at private sale. It is situated three miles from Petersburg, and the same distance from Railroad and canal. It contains three hundred and forty-nine acres and allowance; good buildings, and about one hundred and fifty acres cleared, and well adapted for a stock farm.

J. S. MAGUIRE,
RACHEL MAGUIRE.

april19,1864-tf.

THE REBELLION

AND

HIGH PRICES PLAYED OUT.

GEORGE SHAEFFER,

Nearly opposite the Globe office, respectfully informs the public that he has just opened a fine stock of

BOOTS AND SHOES,

of all kinds, for Men, Women & Children

The stock has been selected with care, as to style and quality, and will be sold at reasonable prices to suit the times. The public generally are invited to call and examine his stock.

☞ New work and repairing done to order.

Huntingdon, May 3, 1865–2m.

INSURANCE COMPANY OF NORTH AMERICA.

Incorporated in Philadelphia, 1794.

CASH CAPITAL $1,715,171,71.

ARTHUR G. COFFIN, Prest.

CHARLES PLATT, Secy.

J. A. RANKIN, Rock Springs, Centre county, Pa., Local Agent for part of Centre county, also for parts of Huntingdon and Blair counties.

Feb. 21, '65–6m.

ALEXANDRIA BREWERY.

E. O. & G. W. COLDER.

HAVING entered into co-partnership in the Alexandria Brewery, the public are informed that they will be prepared at all times to fill orders on the shortest notice.

Alexandria, Jan. 13, 1865–tf.

COACH SHOP,

HUNTINGDON, PA.

DAVID MINGLE Respectfully informs the public generally that he has removed his shop to the building in Washington street, formerly occupied by O. Beat, where he is prepared to do all kind of

LIGHT AND HEAVY WORK

in his line of business, and hopes to receive a liberal patronage.

☞ NEW WORK will be made to order, at prices to suit the times DAVID MINGLE.

Huntingdon, March 28, 1865–3m*

1865. 1865.

THE "VICTOR"

CANE MILL,

NEW. TRIUMPHANT AT STATE FAIRS,

COOK'S

SUGAR EVAPORATOR,

MOST RAPID EVAPORATOR IN THE WORLD!

"SORGO HAND-BOOK," *FREE.*

CANE SEED, by the lb or bushel, FOR SALE AT COST

Prince & Co.'s New AUTOMATIC ORGANS. The great triumph of the age!
New style MELODEONS, with improvements.
Grover & Baker's FAMILY SEWING MACHINES.
Send for Circulars, &c. FREE.

A. B. BRUMBAUGH,
SOLE AGENT,
James Creek, Huntingdon co., Pa.

ap12, 1865–3m

AGENCY,

FOR COLLECTING SOLDIERS CLAIMS, BOUNTY, BACK PAY AND PENSIONS.

ALL who may have any claims against the Government for Bounty, Back Pay and Pensions, can have their claims promptly collected by applying either in person or by letter to

W. H. WOODS,
Attorney at Law,
Huntingdon, Pa,

August 12, 1868.

LAW ASSOCIATION.

The undersigned have associated themselves together in the practice of the law in Huntingdon, Pa. Office in the one now, and formerly occupied by J. Sewell Stewart, adjoining the Court House.

A. W. BENEDICT.
J. SEWELL STEWART.

July 20, 1864

I. K. STAUFFER,

WATCHMAKER AND JEWELER,

No. 148 North SECOND Street, corner of Quarry,

PHILADELPHIA,

An assortment of Watches, Jewelry, Silver & Plated Ware constantly on hand,

SUIABLE FOR HOLIDAY PRESENTS!

☞ Repairing of Watches and Jewelry promptly attended to.

PROFESSIONAL & BUSINESS CARDS

J. D. CAMPBELL,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
HUNTINGDON, PA.
Office in the Brick Row, nearly opposite the Court House. [April 15, 1863.

W. A STEPHENS,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
HUNTINGDON, PA.
OFFICE.—In Treasurer's room in Court House—up stairs.
Huntingdon, Dec. 16, 1863.

R. ALLISON MILLER,

DENTIST,
Has removed to the Brick Row opposite the Court House.
April 12, 1859.

J. E. GREENE, DENTIST.

Office removed to opposite the store of D. P. Gwin, in the square, Hill street, Huntingdon, Pa.
April 13, 1864.

THE JACKSON HOTEL,
HUNTINGDON, PA.
J. MORRISON, Proprietor

M. GUTMAN & CO., Dealers in Ready made Clothing, Huntingdon, Pa.

DR. JOHN McCULLOCH, offers his professional services to the citizens of Huntingdon and vicinity. Office on Hill street, one door east of Reed's Drug Store. Aug. 28, '55.

S. S. SMITH, Dealer in Drugs, Medicines, Perfumery, Dye Stuffs, Oils, &c. Also—Groceries, Confectioneries, &c., Huntingdon, Pa.

JAMES A. BROWN,
Dealer in Hardware, Cutlery, Paints, Oils, &c., Huntingdon, Pa.

H. ROMAN,
Dealer in Ready Made Clothing, Hats and Caps, Boots and Shoes, &c.

D. P. GWIN,
Dealer in Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware, Queensware, Hats and Caps, Boots and Shoes, &c.

WM. WILLIAMS,
Plain and Ornamental Marble Manufacturer.

OLD BRASS AND COPPER taken in exchange for goods at the Hardware Store
Sept. 3, 1862. JAS. A. BROWN

GUN BARRELS AND LOCKS.—A largo assortment at
BROWN'S HARDWARE STORE.

BOOTS and SHOES, the largest and cheapest assortment in town, at
D. P. GWIN'S.

LIQUORS, of the best, for Medicina purposes at
S. S. SMITH'S.

CALL at D. P. GWIN'S if you want GOOD GOODS.

1865. 1865.

CLOTHING.

H. ROMAN.

NEW
CLOTHING
FOR
SPRING AND SUMMER,
JUST RECEIVED
AT
H. ROMAN'S
CHEAP CLOTHING STORE.

For Gentlemen's Clothing of the best material, and made in the best workmanlike manner, call at
H. ROMAN'S,
opposite the Franklin House in Market Square, Huntingdon, Pa.
Huntingdon april 12, '65.

GREAT ENTHUSIASM!

HIGH PRICES SURRENDER!!

THE BEST AND THE CHEAPEST.

JOHN H. WESTBROOK

Respectfully informs the citizens of Huntingdon and vicinity that he has just received from the city a NEW and splendid stock of

BOOTS & SHOES, HATS & CAPS,
Hosiery, Shoe Findings, Carpet Sacks, Trunks, &c., &c., &c., &c.

all of which he is prepared to sell at reduced prices.
A lot of choice CONFECTIONERIES have also been received.
Don't forget the old stand in the Diamond. Old customers and the public generally are invited to call.
Huntingdon, april 12, 1865.

M'MANIGAL'S LIVERY STABLE.

MONTGOMERY STREET,
Between the Baptist and Catholic Churches,
HUNTINGDON, PA.

THE PUBLIC GENERALLY are informed that the subscriber is prepared at his New LIVERY STABLE, to accommodate all with
HORSES, BUGGIES, & CARRIAGES
at reasonable rates, on short notice.
HENRY M'MANIGALL.
Huntingdon, March 8, 1865-1y.

WAR FOR THE UNION.

NEW ORLEANS, ST. LOUIS, MEMPHIS, NORFOLK, &c. TAKEN.—ASHBY SLAIN, AND THE BACKBONE OF "SECESH" BROKEN

But while you rejoice at the success of our gallant troops, and the prospect of the speedy downfall of the Rebel Army, do not forget to call at the store of

WALLACE & CLEMENT,

before purchasing elsewhere, and see our new stock goods, consisting of
Dry Goods,
Groceries,
Boots and Shoes,
Queensware,
Crockeryware,
Tobacco, Segars,
Hams,
Fitch,
Shoulders,
Fish,
Flour,
Salt,
and a general assortment of notions, all of which fered on reasonable terms for cash or produce.
Huntingdon, July 1, 1863.

MARBLE YARD. The undersigned would respectfully call the attention of the citizens of Huntingdon and the adjoining counties to the stock of beautiful marble now on hand. He is prepared to furnish at the shortest notice, Monumental Marble, Tomb, Tables and Stones of every desired size and form of Italian or Eastern Marble, highly finished, and carved with appropriate devices, or plain, as may suit.
Building Marble, Door and Window Sills, &c., will be furnished to order.
W. W. pledges himself to furnish material and workmanship equal to any in the country, at a fair price. Call and see, before you purchase elsewhere. Shop on Hill treet, Huntingdon, Pa.
WM. WILLIAMS.
Huntingdon, May 10 1855.

New Furniture Establishment.

J. M. WISE,
Manufacturer and Dealer in Furniture,
Respectfully invites the attention of the Public to his stand on Hill st., Huntingdon, between Cunningham's Store and Dean's National House, where he manufactures and keeps all kinds of Furniture at reduced prices. Persons wishing to purchase, will do well to give him a call.
Repairing of all kinds attended to promptly and charges reasonable.
☞ Also, Undertaking carried on, and Coffins made in any style desired, at short notice.
☞ Funerals attended at any place in town or country, by
J. M. WISE.
Huntingdon, Sept. 24, 1862-tf

CHEAP PUMPS.

JAMES A. BROWN, Huntingdon, Pa., sells Patent Wooden Pumps for cisterns and wells, from 4 to 60 feet deep, at about one half the usual price for old fashioned pumps. All pumps warranted.
Aug. 3'64.

COUNTRY DEALERS can buy CLOTHING from me in Huntingdon at WHOLESALE as cheap as they can in the cities, as I have a Wholesale store in Philadelphia.
H. ROMAN.

FISHERS' COLUMN.

THOS. FISHER. H. G. FISHER. T. C. FISHER.

FISHER & SONS

HUNTINGDON, PA.

STAPLE & FANCY DRY-GOODS, ETC., ETC.

A HANDSOME STOCK of GOODS, of all kinds, is now open for the inspection of the public, and we cordially invite all our Customers and the public generally, to call and be convinced that we are unequalled in the quality, taste, style, and prices of our Goods.

We request the public to bear in mind that we purchase principally from first hands in New York, pay CASH for all we buy, and cannot be rivalled in our facilities for opening for public use, a stock of General Merchandise.

HUNTINGDON MILLS.

GRAIN, FLOUR, AND FEED.

WE ARE PREPARED TO PURchase all kinds of GRAIN, for which we will pay the highest cash prices, and will have for sale at all times, FLOUR, FEED, &c.

PLASTER! PLASTER!!

WE HAVE an IMMENSE STOCK of PLASTER; an ample supply for this and neighboring counties! Having a Mill expressly for grinding it, we can produce finer and more desirable stock than can usually be had.

SALT! SALT!

WE OFFER 500 BBLS. of SPLENdid ONONDAIGA SALT, unequalled in quality and price. G. A, Salt in sacks is also kept constantly on hand.

FISH. FISH.

10 Bbls. No 1 MACKEREL
10 " No. 2 "
10 " No. 3 "
15 Half Bbls. No. 1 "
20. " " No. 2 "
10 " " No. 3 "

Quarter Barrels and Kits, of all numbers, are also offered.

SUMAC. SUMAC.

WE ARE AT ALL TIMES PREpared to buy SUMAC; will pay cash, or trade, as desired

FLAX. FLAX.

THE HIGH PRICES RULING FOR Cotton Goods has compelled public attention to be more especially directed to the culture of Flax. It can be made by some attention, one of the most valuable products a farmer can produce; an acre readily producing 60 to 60 Dollars worth of fibre and seed. Great care should be taken by growers have their Flax spread very thin when rolling; when watered sufficiently on one side, it should be turned, and subject to exposure until all the stalks get a grey color, and the flax readily separates from the wood by a gentle rub.

It should on a very dry day be tied in bundles, and is then ready for the mill. As a general thing too much seed is sown on an acre. Unless the ground is very rich one Bushel per acre is sufficient. If the ground is very strong one and one fourth bushel is ample.
Dec 16, 1863.

1865. THE 1865.
LARGEST AND BEST
STOCK OF

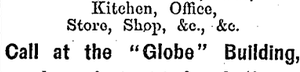
WALL PAPER

Ever Brought to Huntingdon,
Is now ready for inspection and sale,
AT
LEWIS'
Book, Stationery and Music Store.
NEW AND ELEGANT STYLES
AT
LOWER PRICES
Than the same article can be bought in Philadelphia or Pittsburg.
OUR STOCK
Consists of upwards of
One Hundred Different Styles
OF
Wall & Ceiling Paper & Bordering,
FOR
The Parlor, Sitting Room, Dining Room, Bed Room, Hall, Kitchen, Office, Store, Shop, &c., &c.
Call at the "Globe" Building,
and examine our stock and prices.

READING RAIL ROAD.

WINTER ARRANGEMENT,
NOVEMBER 7, 1864.

GREAT TRUNK LINE FROM THE North and North-West for PHILADELPHIA, NEW-YORK, READING, POTTSVILLE, LEBANON, ALLENTOWN, EASTON, &c., &c.
Trains leave Harrisburg for New York, as follows: At 3 00 and 8 15 A. M., and 1 45 P. M., arriving at New York at 10 00 A. M., and 2 45 and 10 00 P. M.
The above connect with similar Trains on the Pennsylvania Railroad, and sleeping cars accompany the first two trains, without change.
Leave for Reading, Pottsville, Tamaqua, Minersville, Allentown and Philadelphia at 8 15 A. M., and 1 45 P. M., stopping at Lebanon and principal stations only.
Way Trains, stopping at all points, at 7 25 A. M., and 4 40 P. M.
Returning, leave NEW-YORK at 9 A. M., 12 Noon, and 7 P. M. Philadelphia at 8 A. M., and 3 30 P. M; Pottsville at 8 50 A. M., and 2 25 P. M; Tamaqua at 9 10 A. M., and 2 15 P. M., and Reading at 12 midnight, 7 35 and 10 45 A. 1 33 and 6 05 P. M.
An Accommodation Passenger Train leaves READING at 6.30 A. M., and returns from PHILADELPHIA at 4.30 P. M.
Columbia Railroad Trains leave Reading at 6 40 and 11 A. M., for Ephrata, Lititz, Columbia, &c.
On Sundays, leave New York at 7 P. M., Philadelphia, 3 15 P. M., Pottsville 7 30 A. M., Tamaqua 7 A. M., Harrisburg 8 15 A. M., and Reading at 12midnight, for Harrisburg.
COMMUTATION, MILEAGE, SEASON, and EXCURSION TICKETS at reduced rates to and from all points.
Baggage checked through: 80 pounds Baggage allowed each Passenger.
G. A. NICOLLS,
Nov. 23 1864. *General Superintendent.*



PENNSYLVANIA RAIL ROAD.

TIME OF LEAVING OF TRAINS
SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

WESTWARD.					EASTWARD		
MAIL.	PHILA. & ERIE EXPRESS.	ERIE EXPRESS.	HALIFAX.	STATIONS.	PACIFIC EXPRESS.	FAST LINE.	COMMODATION.
P. M.	A. M.	P. M.	A. M.		P. M.	A. M.	P. M.
5 17	4 50	11 58	.....	N. Hamilton,	9 51	.....	2 19
5 23	4 58	12 08	.....	Mt. Union,	9 42	10 01	2 10
5 35	.....	12 20	.....	Mapleton,	.....	.....	2 10
5 43	5 10	12 20	.....	Mill Creek,	9 25	9 46	1 53
5 59	5 31	12 48	6 48	Huntingdon,	9 12	9 33	1 40
6 15	5 40	1 08	.....	Petersburg,	8 56	9 20	1 22
6 23	.....	1 20	.....	Barree,	.....	.....	1 14
6 31	6 02	1 32	.....	SpruceCreek,	8 31	9 07	1 07
6 49	.....	1 51	.....	Birmingham,	.....	.....	12 50
6 58	6 29	2 05	.....	Tyrone,	8 17	8 44	12 40
7 08	6 39	2 20	.....	Tipton,	8 06	.....	12 28
7 14	.....	2 28	.....	Fostoria,	.....	.....	12 22
7 19	6 50	2 35	.....	Bell's Mills,	7 56	8 19	12 17
7 40	7 10	3 00	8 15	Altoona,	7 40	8 10	12 00
P. M.	A. M.	P. M.	A. M.		P. M.	A. M.	P. M.

The PHILADELPHIA EXPRESS Eastward, leaves Altoona at 9 40 P. M., and arrives at Huntingdon at 11 01 P. M.
The FAST LINE Eastward leaves Altoona at 2 35 A. M., and arrives at Huntingdon at 3 57 A. M.
The PHILADELPHIA EXPRESS Westward, leaves Huntingdon at 7 30 A. M., and arrives at Altoona at 9 05 A. M.
The FAST LINE Westward, leaves Huntingdon at 7 44 P. M., and arrives at Altoona at 9 05 P. M.

HUNTINGDON & BROAD TOP RAILROAD.

On and after Wednesday, JUNE 14, 1865, Passenger Trains will arrive and depart as follows:

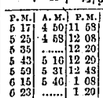
SOUTHWARD TRAINS.		NORTHWARD TRAINS.		
EXPRESS.	MAIL.	STATIONS AND SIDINGS.	EXPRESS	MAIL.
P. M.	A. M.		P. M.	P. M.
LE 6 10	LE 8 00	Huntingdon,	AR 12 01	AR 6 20
6 27	8 17	McConnellstown,	11 44	5 37
6 34	8 24	Pleasant Grove,	11 37	5 50
6 48	8 38	Marklesburg,	11 23	5 36
7 02	8 52	Coffee Run,	11 10	5 22
7 09	8 59	Rough & Ready,	11 02	5 14
7 21	9 11	Cove,	10 49	5 05
7 35	9 15	Fisher's Summit,	10 45	5 00
AR 7 40	AR 9 20		LE 10 30	LE 4 45
LE 7 50	LE 9 40	Saxton,	AR 10 20	AR 4 35
8 10	10 00	Riddlesburg,	10 00	4 15
8 18	10 08	Hopewell,	9 52	4 07
8 30	10 20	Piper's Run,	9 40	3 55
8 45	10 35	Hamilton,	9 25	3 40
8 57	10 47	Bloody Run,	9 13	3 28
AR 9 00	AR 10 50	Mount Dallas,	9 10	LE 3 25

SHOUP'S RUN BRANCH.

LE 10 40	Saxton,	AR	9 20	4 30
10 55	Coalmont,		9 05	4 15
11 00	Crawford,		8 55	4 05
AR 11 10	Dudley,	LE	8 50	4 00
	Broad Top City,			LE 3 45

Huntingdon June 14, 1865. OLIVER AYERS, Supt.

FRUIT TREES,
ORNAMENTAL TREES,
SHADE TREES,
GRAPE VINES,
PLANTS, &C.,
At the nurseries of Taylor & Cremer
Who offer their stock of well grown and thrifty TREES, VINES, PLANTS, &c., at their old prices. The expense of grafting and planting this stock having been incurred before the outbreak of the rebellion when the price of labor was low, they can afford to sell these Trees at 50 per cent. less than they can sell the same kind of trees next year. While other Nurserymen have raised their prices about 50 per cent, these still sell at the old rates this year; that is to say—Apple Trees, $15, $18, and $20 per hundred, according to size, &c. Standard Pear 50 to 75 cents each. Dwarf Pear, 50 to 75 cents each, and $30 to $45 per hundred. Plum and Apricot, at 40 to 60 cents each. Also, Peach, Cherry, Quince and other trees; Grape Vines, Lawton Blackberry, Raspberry, and Strawberry plants, Dahlia roots, and Shade and Ornamental Trees—all at the old rates.
Money invested in fruit trees is sure to yield a good return. Now is your time to order trees.
Address, THEODORE H. CREMER,
feb8, 1865* Huntingdon, Pa.


J. M. CUNNINGHAM.

W. F. CUNNINGHAM

NEW FIRM.
J. M. CUNNINGHAM & SON, successors to J. M. Cunningham, have this day entered into partnership in the Foundry business and are prepared to furnish Castings, of all kinds, and repairs at short notice and on reasonable terms.
We are buying Old Metal and scrap Iron at highest market prices.
Huntingdon, July 6, 1864.

HOWARD ASSOCIATION,
PHILADELPHIA.
Diseases of the Nervous, Seminal, Urinary and Sexual Systems,
New and reliable treatment—In reports by the HOWARD ASSOCIATION—Sent by mail in sealed letter envelopes, free of charge.
Address, DR. J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON, Acting Surgeon, Howard Association, No. 2 South Ninth Street, Philadelphia, Pa. [July 13, 1864-1y.

BOOKS

For Sale at Lewis' Book Store,
HUNTINGDON, PA.

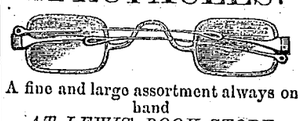
Annals of the Army of the Cumberland.
Rebel Invasion of Maryland and Pennsylvania, and the Battle of Gettysburg.
Pictorial History of the Wars of the U. S.
Washington and his Generals.
Kane's Arctic Explorations, 2 volumes.
Webber's Wild Scenes and Wild Hunters.
Field's Scrap Book.
O'Neill's Glimpses of Animated Nature.
Parley's Columbus, Washington & Franklin.
Chambers Information for the People, 2 Vols.
Selections in Poetry, by Epes Sargent.
Indians of North America, by S. G. Drake.
Parley's Four Quarters of the World.
Mirror of Nature, by W. H. Furness.
Butler's Ethical Discourses.
Flowers of Elocution, by Car'line Lee Hentz
Handbook Family Knowledge for the People
Sermons of Calvin and Luther.
Partons Life of Andrew Jackson, 3 volumes.
General Butler in New Orleans, by Parton.
Jackson and New Orleans, by Alex. Walker.
Irving's Life of Washington, 5 volumes.
Life of John Fitch, by Thompson Westcott.
Smucker's Life & Times of Alex. Hamilton.
Taylor's Life and Travels of Von Humboldt.
Life and Speeches of Senator Douglas.
The Mountain, by Dr. R. M. S. Jackson.
Opportunities for Industry and Capital, or 1000 Chances to Make Money.
Freedley's Practical Treatise on Business.
Sinding's History of Scandinavia.
Walker's Rhyming Dictionary.
Good's Book of Nature.
Ovid, [literally translated,] by H. T. Riley.
Beauties and Achievements of the Blind.
Stewart's Freemason's Manual.
Webb's " Monitor.
Davis' " "
Cross' Masonic Chart.
Shakspeare's Complete Works.
What Can Woman Do, by T. S. Arthur.
The Withered Heart, do.
The Two Sisters, by Mrs. Emma Southworth
The Deserted Wife, do.
Pencil Sketches, by Miss Leslie.
The Lawyer's Story, by J. A. Maitland.
Diary of an Old Doctor, do.
The Wanderer, do.
Adam Bede, by George Elliot.
Courtship and Matrimony, by Robert Morris
Parisian Pickings, by Julie De Marguerittes
Richard Penn Smith's Miscellaneous Works
Horse Shoe Robinson, by J. P. Kennedy.
Father and Daughter, by Fredrika Bremer.
Fashion and Famine, by Mrs. Ann Stephens
Mary Derwent, do.
Peculiar, by Epes Sargent.
Quaker Soldier, or British in Philadelphia.
Anecdotes of Love, by Lola Montez.
Age of Chivalry, by Thomas Bulfinch.
Tale of a Tub, &c., &c., by Dean Swift.
The Initials, a Story of Modern Life.
The Methodist, by Miriam Fletcher, 2 vols.
The World's Laconics; or Best Thoughts of Best Authors, in Prose and Poetry.
Robert Houdin, the Magician, by Mackenzie
Skirmishing, a Novel.
Letters to Young Ladies, by Rev. J. Bonnett
Ladies' Guide to Perfect Gentility.
Dime Book of Etiquette.
The Reason Why—Natural History.
Daring and Suffering, by Lieut. Pittenger.
Titcomb's Letters to Young Folks.
" Lessons in Life.
" Letters to the Joneses.
" Gold Foil.
" Bitter Sweet.
Les Miserables, by Victor Hugo.
The Trial, or More Links of the Daisy Chain
Book of Nonsense, by Edward Lear.
Nasby Papers, [Comico-Politico-Religico.]
How to do Business, a Manual of Practical Affairs.
The Ladies' Work-Table Book.
Zulu Land, by Rev. Lewis Grout.
Clarke's Commentaries on New Testament.
Dutch and English Testament.
Bunyan's Pilgrim Progress.
" Holy War.
The Three Mrs. Judson's and other Daughters of the Cross, by Rev. D. Eddy.
Strickland's Life of Jacob Gruber.
Shadow on the Hearth, by Rev. N. Rice.
Defence of Armageddon, by F. E. Pitts.
The Great Consummation, by Cummings.
Louis Napoleon and the Battle of Armageddon, by Rev. M. Baxter.
Condensed Concordance to the Scriptures.
Thoughts of Favored Hours, by J. Copely.
Cobbet's 13 Sermons on Great Sins.
Headley's Sacred Plains.
McIlvaine's Evidences of Christianity.
Dealings with the Dead.
Slavery Viewed from the Bible Stand-Point, by Rev. J. M. Adair.
Union Bible Dictionary.
The Broken Bud, or the Reminiscences of a Bereaved Mother.
Bomberger on Infant Salvation and Baptism.
The Death of Little Children, by S. Prime.
The Morning of Life.
The Faded Hope, by Mrs. L. H. Sigourney.
The Guardian Angels, or Friends in Heaven, by Mrs. Sarah Gould.
The Daughter of Affliction, a memoir of the Protracted Sufferings and Religious Experience of Miss Mary Rankin.
Barnes' Family Prayers.
Jay's Family Prayers.
Fleetwood's Life of Christ.
Shelley's Poetical Works.
Pope's do.
Affection's Gift for the Loving and the Loved, by J. Cole Hagen.
The Future of Nations, by Louis Kossuth.
The New Fortune Teller, or the Poetical Fate Book.
Mrs. Hale's Receipts for the Million.
The Philadelphia Housewife, or Family Receipt Book.
Soyer's Standard Cookery.
Miss Acton's Modern Cookery.
Dime Cook and Recipe Books.
Household Economy, by M. G. St. Jean.
The Family Doctor, by Prof. Taylor, M. D.
Downing's Fruit and Fruit Trees of America.
The Farm; Manual of Practical Agriculture
The Garden, do do Horticulture
The Barnyard, a Manual of Cattle, Horse, and Sheep Husbandry.
The Farmer's New and Universal Handbook
A Method of Increasing the Yield of the Milch-Cow, by John Neffien.
Mayhew's Illustrated Horse Management.
" " " Doctor.
The Horse and His Diseases, by Jonnings.
Rarey's Practice of Horse Taming.
Both Sides of the Grape Question.
Mysteries of Bee-Keeping, by M. Quinby.
Economic Cottage Builder, by C. P. Dwyer.
Bannan's Wages and Labor Calculator.
Scribner's Ready Reckoner and Log Book, for Lumber Merchants, Ship Builders and Boat Builders.
Scribner's Assistant for Farmers, Millers, Produce Dealers and Mechanics.
Rohrer's Practical Calculator.
Engineers' and Mechanics' Pocket Book, by Chas. H. Haswell.
Arrowsmith's Paper Hanger's Companion.
The Company Clerk, by Capt. A. V. Kautz.
United States Army Regulations.
Infantry and Cavalry Tactics.
Tax Law and Stamp Duty Cards.
Pocket-Maps of United States, Pennsylvania, and the Western States.
Mitchell's New Traveller's Guide through the United States and Canadas.
Constitution of the United States.
Freedley's Legal Adviser.
Everybody's Lawyer, by Frank Crosby.
Book of Drawing-Room Plays, by S. Steele.
The Sociable, or 1001 Home Amusements.
Hoyle's Games: Chess, Backgammon, &c.
Checker's Simplified and Explained by D. Scattergood.
Spectropia; or Surprising Spectral Illusions, showing Ghosts everywhere, and of any Color, with Sixteen Illustrations.
Dime, and other Letter-Writers.
The Teacher, (Phonographic.)
The Reporter's Companion, (Phonographic.)
Pitman's Manual of Phonography.
How to Talk, a Manual of Conversation and Debating.
Walker's Elocution and Oratory.
McElligott's American Debater.
Whately's Selection of Synonyms.
Davies' Logic and Utility of Mathematics.
Gilfillan's Literature and Literary Men.
Brown's Grammar of English Grammars.
Page's Theory and Practice of Teaching.
Holbrook's Normal Method of Teaching.
Wickersham's School Economy.
Elocutionary Manual, by Hiram Corson.
Mangnall's Comprehensive Summary of History, &c., &c., &c.

☞ Also, an assortment of Juvenile and Cheap Publications.

Interlinear Translations of Ovid, Virgil, Cicero, Sallust, Horace, (Latin;) Xenophon's Anabasis, Homer's Iliad, and the Gospel of St. John, (Greek.)
Anthon's Ainsworth's Latin Dictionary.
Sander's German and English Primer.
Sargent's Primary, Intermediate and Standard Speakers.
Frost's American Speaker.
Northend's Little Speaker.
Dime Speakers and Dialogues.
Johnston's Natural Philosophy.
" Primary " "
" Elements of Chemistry.
Fowne's " "
Reese's " Zoology.
Lambert's Anatomy and Physiology.
Worcester's Ancient and Modern History.
Lord's Modern History.
" " History of the United States.
Teacher's Guide to Illustrations: to accompany Holbrook's School Apparatus.
How to use Globes, by F. C. Brownell.
The Natural Spelling Teacher.
Sherwood's Speller and Pronouncer.
Hann's Elements of Spherical Trigonometry
Key to Bonnycastle's Algebra.
Robinson's University Algebra.

[See School Books in another column.]

SPECTACLES.


A fine and large assortment always on hand
AT LEWIS' BOOK STORE.

BOOK BINDING.
Old Books, Magazines, or publications of any kind, bound to order, if left at
LEWIS' BOOK & STATIONERY STORE.

BUSINESS MEN, TAKE NOTICE! If you want your card neatly printed upon envelopes, call at
LEWIS' BOOK AND STATIONERY STORE.

FOR THE LADIES.
A superior article of Note Paper and Envelopes, suitable for *confidential* correspondence, for sale at
LEWIS' BOOK & STATIONERY STORE.

ENVELOPES—
By the box, pack, or less quantity, for sale at
LEWIS' BOOK AND STATIONERY STORE.

SCHOOL BOOKS,
Generally in use in the Schools of the County, not on hand, will be furnished to order, on application at
LEWIS' BOOK, AND STATIONERY STORE.

READY RECKONER
A complete Pocket Ready Reckoner, in dollars and cents, to which are added forms of Notes, Bills, Receipts, Petitions, &c., together with a set of useful tables, containing rate of interest from one dollar to twelve thousand, by the single day, with a table of wages, and board by the week and day, published in 1850. For sale at
LEWIS' BOOK STORE.

PAPER! PAPER!!
Note, Post, Commercial, Foolscap and Flatcap—a good assortment for sale by the ream, half ream, quire or sheet, at
LEWIS' NEW BOOK & STATIONERY STORE.

PARCHMENT DEED PAPER—ruled, for sale at
LEWIS' BOOK STORE.

MONTHLY TIME BOOKS,
For sale at
LEWIS' BOOK AND STATIONERY STORE.

TRACING MUSLIN,
DRAFTING AND DRAWING PAPER
White and Colored Card Paper,
For sale at
LEWIS' BOOK & STATIONERY STORE.

WM. LEWIS,
Dealer in Books, Stationery and Musical Instruments, Huntingdon, Pa.

BLANK BOOKS,
OF VARIOUS SIZES, for sale at
LEWIS' BOOK AND STATIONERY STORE

ALBUMS ALBUMS.

A beautiful assortment of PHOTOGRAPH ALBUMS just received and for sale
AT LEWIS' BOOK STORE.

U. S. REVENUE STAMPS

FOR SALE
AT LEWIS' BOOK STORE.
HUNTINGDON, PENNA.

Dr. Strickland's Mellifluous Cough Balsam is warranted to cure Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Asthma, Whooping Cough, Sore Throat, Consumption, and all affections of the Throat and Lungs.
For sale by Druggists. General Depot, No. 6, East Fourth Street, Cincinnati, Ohio.

All the Medical men and the Presses recommend Dr. Strickland's Anti-Cholera Mixture as the only certain remedy for Diarrhœa and Dysentery. It is a combination of Astringents, Aborients, Stimulants and Carminatives, and is warranted to effect a cure after all other means have failed.
For sale by Druggists. General Depot, No. 6, East Fourth Street, Cincinnati, Ohio.

Dr. Strickland's Pile Remedy has cured thousands of the worst cases of Blind and Bleeding Piles. It gives immediate relief and effects a permanent cure. Try it directly. It is warranted to cure.
For sale by all Druggists. General Depot, No. 6, East Fourth Street, Cincinnati, Ohio.

DYSPEPSIA, NERVOUSNESS AND DEBILITY.
Dr. STRICKLAND'S TONIC.—We can recommend those suffering with loss of Appetite, Indigestion, or Dyspepsia, Nervousness or Nervous Debility, to use Strickland's Tonic. It is a vegetable preparation, free from alcoholic liquors; it strengthens the whole nervous system; it creates a good appetite, and is warranted to cure Dyspepsia and Nervous Debility.
For sale by Druggists generally, at $1 per bottle. Prepared by Dr. A. Strickland, No. 6, East Fourth Street, Cincinnati, Ohio.
JOHN REED, Agent, Huntingdon, Pa.

BEST WHITE LEAD! BEST ZINC!

PURE LIBERTY LEAD,
Unsurpassed for WHITENESS, FINE GLOSS, DURABILITY, FIRMNESS and EVENNESS OF SURFACE.
PURE LIBERTY LEAD—Warranted to cover more surface for same weight than any other Lead—
Try it and you will have no other!
PURE LIBERTY ZINC,
Selected ZINC, ground in Refined Linseed Oil, unequaled in quality, always the same,
PURE LIBERTY ZINC,
WARRANTED to do more and better work at a given cost than any other—
Get the Best!
Manufactured at PENNSYLVANIA PAINT & COLOR WORKS. Orders executed promptly by
ZIEGLER & SMITH,
Wholesale Drug, Paint and Glass Dealers.
☞ Store & Office, No. 137 North THIRD Street, PHILADELPHIA.
March 8, '65-1y.

☞ Fine Cigars and Tobacco for sale at Lewis' Book Store

MUSIC BOOKS

FOR SALE AT LEWIS' BOOK STORE.

HOWE'S SONGS OF IRELAND, containing about 175 of the Gems of Hibernia's Songs and Ballads, including 50 of Moore's Irish Melodies, Songs of the affections, Sentimental, Patriotic, Historical, Military, Political, Comic and Miscellaneous Songs, arranged for the Pianoforte or Melodeon. Price $3.00

HOWE'S SONGS OF SCOTLAND, containing about 175 of the Gems of Caledonia's Songs and Ballads, including Songs of the affections, Sentimental, Patriotic, Historical, Military, Political, Comic and Miscellaneous Songs, arranged for the Pianoforte or Melodeon. Price $3.00.

HOWE'S SONGS AND BALLADS OF THE OLDEN TIME, containing the Original Words and Music, of the Songs and Ballads, sung by the Grand-mothers of the present generation. Arranged for Four Voices.

HOWE'S TRIOS: Quadrilles Contra and Fancy Dances with Calls and Figures; Waltzes, Polkas, Opera Melodies, Scotch and Irish airs, &c., &c., for the Violin, Flute, Cornet, Bass Viol, &c.

MUSICIAN'S OMNIBUS, No. 1, containing the whole Camp Duty, Calls and Signals used in the Army and Navy; 40 setts of Quadrilles, (including Waltz, Polka and Schottische) with Calls; and an immense collection of Polkas, Schottisches, Waltzes' Marches, Quicksteps, Hornpipes, Contra and Fancy Dances, Songs, &c., for the Violin, Flute, Cornet, Clarionett, &c., Containing over 700 pieces of Music.

MUSICIAN'S OMNIBUS, No. 2, containing 850 pieces of Music, consisting of 100 Duets for two Flutes two Violins, &c., 200 Scotch Airs, 200 Irish Airs, Quadrilles, Fancy and Contra Dances, with the Calls and Figures. Polka, Schottisches, Waltzes, Quicksteps, Marches, Hornpipes, Songs, &c., for the Violin, Flute, Clarionett, Fife, Cornet, Flageolet, &c.

THE YOUNG MEN'S SINGING BOOK; a collection of Music for male Voices, consisting of Glees and Part Songs, Choir and congregational Tunes, Anthems, Chants, &c.

KINGLEY'S JUVENILE CHOIR:—A selection of the Choicest Melodies from the German, French, Italian, English and American Composers.

TRUMPET OF FREEDOM AND THE BUGLE CALLS; two books suitable to the times.

THE BOSTON GLEE BOOK, consisting of an extensive collection of Glees, Madrigals, and Rounds, selected from the works of the Most admired Composers, together many new pieces from the German.

INSTRUCTION BOOKS FOR THE PIANO, Melodeon, Accordeon, Violin, Banjo, Guitar, Concertina, Drum, Fife and Flageolet.
Huntingdon, Jan. 24, 1865-tf.

OLD FRANKLIN ALMANAC FOR 1865.

Among other features of the present number will be A chronicle of the Great Rebellion continued from the Old Franklin Almanac for 1864, containing a full and correct digested record of the events of the war, military, naval and political, from October 15th, 1863, with accounts of Battles, Sieges, Raids, Sea-fights, and all the operations of the war.
The United States Army List. Major Generals and Brigadiers, regulars and volunteers, to November 1st, 1864.
The Rebel Army List. Lieutenant Generals, Major Generals and Brigadiers, to same date.
Losses in battle and by death, of Union officers, to November 1st, 1864.
Losses of officers in Rebel Army to same date.
The Rebel Government, Rebel Congress, Rebel Debt, &c.
A full digest of the United States Stamp regulations.
A full digest of the United States License regulations.
Governments of the world to November 1st, 1864.
Governors of the States and Territories, Union and Rebel, to November 1st, 1864.
Hierarchy of the Roman Catholic Church to November 1st, 1864.
Bishops of the Protestant Episcopal Church to November 1st, 1864.
Bishops of the Methodist Episcopal Church to November 1st, 1864.
Reigning Queens of the world to November 1st, 1864.
Reigning Kings of the world to November 1st, 1864.
Heirs Apparent to European and other Empires and Monarchies.
Besides other miscellaneous matter, astronomical information, calendars, &c., &c., the whole comprising a valuable manual for use and reference throughout the year.
Price 20 cents per copy.
Copies mailed (post-paid) on receipt of price.
For sale at LEWIS' BOOK STORE. tf

SCHOOL BOOKS,

FOR SALE
AT LEWIS' BOOK, STATIONERY & MUSIC STORE,
HUNTINGDON, PA.

OSGOOD'S Speller, 1st, 2d, 3d, 4th and 5th Readers.
M'GUFFEY'S Speller and Readers.
SANDERS do do do
Town's Speller and Definer, (old and new editions.)
Smith's, Bullion's and Brown's Grammars.
Fitch's Physical Geography.
Warren's Physical Geography.
Mitchell's, Monteith and McNally's Geographies & Atlases.
Camp's Geography, with Key to Mitchell's Outline Maps.
Webster's and Worcester's Dictionaries.
Quackenbos' First Lessons in Composition.
Quackenbo's Composition and Rhetoric.
Greenleaf's, Stoddard's and Brooks' Arithmetics.
Peterson's Familiar Science.
Greenleaf's and Stoddard's Keys to Arithm